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FOR, CONTAINING SUBJECTS, 400 STONE STREET WEST.
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STOVES.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

I have this day received a large lot of

SOLOMON, PARSON, OFFICE AND COAL STOVES,

which I will sell at New York prices, at my Store,

No. 3 STORE, WASHINGTON.

near doors from Grover's Theatre, Outside of 10 and 12 Bat Thirteenth street, New York.

The attention of

OFFICERS, OUTLEGS, &c.

I called to our different patterns of

FIRST STOVES

pronounced among which in the

EVANS' TRUY BRAZER,

which, unlike complaints, with series, fast of plus, is a best fast holes, and weight—not the

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KINGSLAND'S STOVE

AND

SHERTRIDGE WORKS,

Maiden avenue, between 6th and 7th streets.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Stove Dealers and Dealers will find an old stand, a large assortment of the following goods:

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Kingsland's Improved Cast Iron Stove Boxes.

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Kingsland's Cast Iron Heater.

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THE NEW COMMISSION

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PRODUCE MARKET HOUSE,

COMMERCIAL BUILDING,

Louisiana Avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets,

JOHN PARNELL.

HAVE NOW WITH

CONSIGNMENTS AND CARGOES FROM NORTH, EAST, AND WEST.

From Boston—Ex Dixie, 1,000 Alto Mackerel, Halibut, &c., which are fresh from the Eastern Shore.

From Hallen and Rockport, Ex—2,000 Fine Boston Cod, Pickled Cod, Pickled Pollock, Smoked Haddock, Pickled Herring.

From Cleveland—2,000 Some Grapes; 1,000 Some Grapes; 1,000 Fine Cranberries.

From Philadelphia—1,000 Bushels of Potatoes, Variety of all grades.

From Massachusetts—Ex Lucy Cushman, Sweets in Turkey Sparkes from Cleveland.

Also, 1,000 Bushels Fine Cranberries.

FRESH PICKED OYSTERS,

Pickled, Fresh, and Salted, which are authorized to be sold to the trade at a low rate.

Also,

1,000 BARRELS FLOUR,

Superior Mills, Extra, Family, Fine, Extra, and Family, will and favorably known in the city and

STEAMER BOATS.

Also, 60 to 80 bushels of

ORCHOLA, SEEDLING, & FAMILY FLOUR,

belonging to the estate of the late A. C. Duncan, which must be closed out at a low rate, to settle the estate.

WM. CLAGGETT & COM BALTIMORE ALE AND PORTER,

In bbls. barrels, and half-bbls. in prime order, for sale, at the lowest market rates.

Also, 10 dozen of their

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER,

in cases, bbls., and half-bbls.

THE TRADE SUPPLIES.

As also, will be

FOREIGN BRANDIES OF ALE AND PORTER.

H. B. ALEXANDER, Commission Merchant,

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NOTICE—Bakers, Grocers, Flour and Feed Dealers, Spirits, Liquors, Refreshments and others are invited to

FLOUR, FEED, HAY, STRAW, &c., &c.,

of the finest quality, at New York and Baltimore wholesale prices.

J. W. BRIGHT,

Wholesale Grocer, Commission Merchant, Flour, Feed and Provisions, Corner Delaware and Water Streets.

JOHN W. VANHOOK,

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Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hats, Cap and Wines, Dry Goods, Wholesale Grocer, Flour and Feed.

Agent for Queen's Ironstone Crockery.

Corner Water and Delaware streets.

MEDICINAL.

CHARLES SHILAND

MEDICAL AND CHIROGNOMIC DOCTOR,

Has removed his office

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HUGHES & SMITH, M. D.

CHIROGNOMIC PHYSICIAN.

Will be found, from Eleven Thirteenth and Pennsylvania.

Office hours—10 to 12 M., 2 to 4 P. M.

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THE

NEW YORK HOTEL,

No. 12 Street, between 6th and 7th streets.

This Hotel has been sold in Baltimore order. The

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A. M. BRIGHT & CO., Proprietors.

NO. 237 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

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Daily Morning Chronicle

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1863.

VOL. 2. NO. 15.

LADIES and CHILDREN'S FANCY DRESS.

MAKES CAPS AND HEAD-DRESSES.

FROM PARIS AND LONDON.

BOW SATISFIES the ladies of the general assortment of Fancy Goods, Ladies' Fancy Dress Hats, Ladies' Bill, Ladies' Fancy Dress Caps, Ladies' Fancy Dress Caps, Ladies' Fancy Dress Caps

Daily Chronicle.

D. C. FORNEY, Publisher.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1863.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

From official dispatches received at the War Department from Brigadier General Carleton, commanding the expedition to punish the Navajoe tribe of Indians in New Mexico, we learn that it is the opinion of all who have facilities for gaining information, that the tribe has been more severely punished the past summer than ever before. They have been closely hunted in almost every direction by the troops, and, of late, by the Zuñi, Apache, and Pueblo Indians. In the large scope of country in New Mexico, over which our troops have travelled during the past few months, every evidence tends to show that in that section the Navajoes have no longer any permanent abiding-place, but are fleeing from one part to another in a continual state of fear.

A dispatch from St. Louis brings information that the telegraph has been extended to Fort Smith; that General McNeil has ordered that all interference with it shall be regarded as the act of bushwhackers, and that for every cutting of a wire a guerrilla shall be hanged; that several prisoners (among them a major and two captains) and trains of Cooper's command had been captured by our forces. Cooper was in full flight.

Our latest dates from South America are to the 25th ult. It is said that President Mosquera had declared war against Equador. The late excitement in Callao and Lima had subsided. General P. A. Herran has been appointed arbiter of the mixed American and Peruvian commission for the settlement of the claims of the United States against Peru. The Republic of Bolivia is in the enjoyment of complete peace. Nothing of importance had transpired in Chili during a fortnight.

The general situation at Chattanooga is unchanged. On the morning of the 17th inst. the rebels brought a battery down to the river-side, about six miles above Chattanooga, and shelled the 125th Illinois, who were guarding a ford, killing the Rev. Mr. Saunders, the chaplain of the regiment. They were forced to retire by the 2d Wisconsin battery.

The Richmond *Dispatch* thinks that a collision between the armies in Virginia is imminent. It says that on the 11th instant the advance of General Meade's army was several miles south of Culpeper Court-House, moving in the direction of the several fords of the Rapidan.

Our latest advices from California are to the 17th. At that time the stormy season had passed away. The late fire in Nevada destroyed property to the amount of $550,000. The burned part of the city is being rapidly rebuilt. The cargo of the ship Aquila, consisting of articles from the iron-clad Camanche, can be saved.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has been made the recipient of a splendid welcome by his friends and admirers, which took place at the Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening last. The weather was inclement, but that did not dismay the crowd. Mr. Beecher made a speech.

The latest by our mails from Charleston contains little of importance. The bombardment is still kept up, though, and old Sumter continues to crumble away. The health of our troops is good, the sick list being very small. The weather is said to be propitious for naval operations.

An occasional correspondent of the New York *Times* writes some curious things from Paris. He gives as a reason of the Empress Eugenie's visit to Spain that the Emperor desires to increase his (army) strength for the grand European war "which threatens to break out in the spring."

We give a brief account, upon our first page this morning, of the experience of the Rev. Mr. Hussy at the South. At the time he was captured it was known that he had been grossly insulted by the notorious Judge Terry, the murderer of Broderick.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 14th inst. says that seventy bullocks a day are butchered for our prisoners at Richmond. A few days ago the same paper remarked, "We can give no meat if we have none to give." Rebel stories will not hang together.

Later advices from East Tennessee inform us that our forces were surprised at Rogersville, and that the 2d Tennessee stood and fought while the 7th Ohio ran away. It is the intention of General Burnside to dismount the runaways.

Our latest intelligence from East Tennessee is to the effect that Longstreet has appeared in Burnside's front, and that slight skirmishing had taken place. Burnside's position is considered entirely safe.

A deserter from the 2d Louisiana Tigers arrived in this city yesterday. He states that the supplies of food and clothing are very scant, and estimates Lee's army at 50,000. He describes Lee's entrenchments as strong, but believes they can be turned.

It has been given out in Delaware that the Opposition candidate for Congress has been withdrawn. This is believed to be a trick of that party to relax the zeal of the Union voters.

Our special telegraphic dispatches report that the President and suite and other distinguished gentlemen were safely *en route* for the scene of national ceremonies at Gettysburg.

The Baltimore American Relief Fund sent to Richmond, yesterday, eight barrels of molasses, fourteen barrels of flour, and sundry boxes of provisions.

The War Department has received from General Russell the battle-flags lately captured at Rappahannock Station.

THE NATION'S HOME FOR ITS DEAD BRAVES.

A solemn and affecting scene is to-day being enacted at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. Beneath the sod that they redeemed from rebel invasion with their blood, while fighting for the oneness and the integrity of their country and its Government, sleep the heroes who fell with their faces to the foe. The battles that gave to those honored braves the double boon of glorious death and immortal fame took place on the first, second, and third days of July, 1863—the most sanguinary conflict, and that which brought final victory to the Union arms, occurring on the third of that month. Terrible was the slaughter of that ever memorable day, and, when the declining sun sank slowly to his rest, thousands of the bravest of the brave, dying or dead, lay stretched upon the ensanguined earth. Sympathetic hearts looked on the trophies Death had won, and one suggested that henceforth the spot baptized in these heroes' blood should be theirs by an indisputable right of occupation. They had wrested it from their country's enemies, even though by becoming co-inheritors with Death of their recovered possession, and it was nobly and gratefully determined that the living should forever be excluded from all share in the patrimony. The nation purchased it, adorned and beautified it, and to day, by services that are as sacred as they are patriotic, they solemnly present it in perpetuity to those ever-to-be-honored worthies, who, by virtue of dying for their country, have already taken, or may hereafter take, possession of the inheritance.

From mid-hour of this memorable day the name of Gettysburg will be lost in the prouder, grander title of "THE NATIONAL CEMETERY." It will be the latter, and not the former, that the patriot pilgrim will visit, leading thither his wondering sons, and in the presence of that grand but silent "Congress," with tears of grateful appreciation, will tell them what the sleeping dead achieved, and will dedicate them thenceforth to the glorious cause of which the surrounding Representatives, though dead, yet speak with overpowering and unceasing eloquence. 'Twas a grand, as well as a patriotic conception, that to which the ceremonies of to day will give form and permanence! 'Twas a gift worthy of a nation, that which, ere the sun goes down, will be irrevocably ratified by a grateful though weeping people! 'Twas a bravely-earned inheritance, that which the nation, to-day, turns over to the valiant men who have made its silent graves their last home! The honor is shared alike by those who give and those who receive. The one pays its grateful tribute, saturated with tears, and sanctified with a sorrow that knows no healing; the other accepts with a calm complacency which is born only of a pure consciousness of having worthily won it. To that henceforth hallowed and sacred spot are this day turned the eyes of the whole loyal country. Not Pennsylvania, or Maryland, or New York, or Indiana, muses alone and sorrowingly amid those silent graves, or stands singly in the glory with which prophetic vision encircles that nation's home for its dead braves. The sorrow and the glory belong to the nation; and, wherever it is known that to-day the President and the representatives of the American people are assembled to transform the battle-field of Gettysburg into a National Cemetery, tens of thousands of proud American hearts will beat responsive to the fitting deed. In the District of Columbia, and in every loyal State, banners will droop, bells will pulsate their solemn toll, and funereal draperies signalize the national solemnity. Slightly altering the language of the eloquent discourse delivered by the chaplain of the United States Senate on the death of Henry Clay, it may be truthfully said, "In crowded streets, and on surrounding wharves, upon steamboats and upon cars, in fields, in work-shops, in homes, in schools, millions of men, women, and children have their thoughts fixed upon the impressive and touching scene of to-day, and say mournfully to each other, 'This is the day on which at Gettysburg the nation's representatives, the President, the Governors of States, and other public men, are consecrating the national home for our dead braves.'"

And it is a good omen that thus the people honor the memory of those who have fallen in the defence of their country. In ancient Greece it was provided by law that those who fell in battle should be honorably interred at the public expense, amid observances largely calculated to foster the popular devotion to country. Something equivalent to the lying-in state of the present day was the public exhibition of the calcined remains of fallen heroes for three days, during which every possible evidence was given of the estimation in which their self-sacrifice and their memory were held. Aye, and from the earliest dawn of history to the present time have nations paid the homage of their gratitude to the noble men who gave their own lives that their fellow men might live in peace and safety. And it is to our national honor that on this day so great a gathering is assembled to pay a like tribute, in the nation's name, to the gallant dead of Gettysburg. The Federal Capital will, we doubt not, show its sorrowing sympathy with the occasion. We expect that our country's flag will float at half mast from every Department and Government office, as we hope it will from all public and many private buildings.

> "How sleep the brave who sink to rest
> By all their country's wishes blest;
> When Spring, with dewy fingers cold,
> Returns to deck their hallowed mould,
> She there shall press a sweeter sod
> Than Fancy's footsteps ever trod.
>
> "By hands unseen their knell is rung;
> By fairy forms their dirge is sung;
> There, Honor comes, a pilgrim gray,
> To bless the turf that wraps their clay;
> And Freedom shall awhile repair,
> To dwell a weeping hermit there."

A COMMUNICATION informs us that the ground will be broken to-day for the foundation of a Newsboys' Home, and that the site chosen is on Seventh street, near the canal bridge; that the building will be seventy five feet by twenty-five, and two stories high, &c. We cannot approve—we most emphatically disapprove—of any such location for any such purpose, and we trust the public will give it no countenance whatever. The newsboy's life is one of great exposure, of necessarily irregular habits, and if he is to have a home anywhere it must be not in the neighborhood of a fetid canal, and on low ground, where his irregular life and habits will peculiarly expose him to the evil influences of miasmatic exhalations. Of course it is an ungracious task where lady managers are concerned, and where, apparently, contracts have been already entered into, to put a veto upon the arrangements. But we have a duty to the newsboys, as we have to all other classes of citizens, and it is no fault of ours that we could not enter our protest at an earlier day. Had information reached us at an earlier day that such a location was chosen for a Newsboys' Home, or for a receptacle for a crowd of any similar class of youths, we should have opposed it unhesitatingly. We lose not an hour in entering our protest against the location of such an institution anywhere "near the canal bridge, on Seventh street;" and our advice to the newsboys—which we believe they will receive as that of their friend—is, that they accept no invitation to spend their nights in any such "Home."

NAVAL ORDERS.—Lieutenant Commander B. B. Taylor, detached from the command of the Ticonderoga and ordered to command the Kanawha. Lieutenant Commander William K. Mayo, detached from the command of the Kanawha and ordered to return North. Lieutenant Commander John Madigan, ordered to temporary ordnance duty at the Boston navy yard. Lieutenant Commander John Irwin, detached from ordnance duty at Boston and ordered to temporary ordnance duty at navy yard, Philadelphia. Lieutenant Commander Montgomery Sicard, detached from ordnance duty, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and ordered to the Ticonderoga. Surgeon James Laws, ordered to the schoolship Savannah. First Assistant Engineer John B. Long has been promoted to a chief engineer in the United States Navy.

GROVER'S THEATRE.—The thrilling military drama of the "French Spy" was performed to a crowded house last evening, Miss Lucille Western personating, with her usual artistic excellence, the three characters of *Henri St. Alme, Hamet*, the wild Arab boy, and *Mathilde de Merick*. Miss Western throws spirit and enthusiasm into all her characters, but in the "French Spy" she plays with a grace and animation that we have never seen excelled. She was well supported by the members of the talented company now at Grover's, and the play was, from beginning to end, a great success. The farce of "Family Jars" introduced to the audience a new candidate for Washington applause—Miss Annie Ward, from Boston. Her *Lydia Lonergan* was as sprightly a piece of acting as we have seen for a long time, and she well deserved the enthusiastic encomiums her impersonation elicited.

FORD'S NEW THEATRE.—The Webb Sisters have made a deep impression on the popular heart. In other words, they have taken the city by storm, and captivated all who have witnessed their fine acting. Last evening they appeared in the "Governor's Wife" and "A Day too Late." The Misses Webb are greatly assisted by Mr. Harry Pearson, who, as *Hickory Short* in the first-named play, almost eclipses himself. We refer to the advertisement for the bill to-night.

WE are requested to announce that from this date until the meeting of Congress the President will be unable to receive visitors, his time being fully occupied by public business.

NATIONAL LOAN.—Subscriptions to the 5 20 loan have amounted for the past ten days, at the office of Jay Cooke & Co., to $6 350 700

Captured Battle-Flags.

Battle-flags taken at Rappahannock Station have been received at the War Department at the hands of General Russel, who brought the following order with them:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Nov. 12

GENERAL: I have the honor herewith to transmit, in charge of Brigadier General D. A. Russel, seven battle flags and one staff, the flag of which was torn off by the standard-bearer to prevent its being captured. These trophies were taken in the recent gallant assault on the enemy's entrenched position at Rappahannock Station, and Brigadier General Russel has been designated by Major General Sedgwick to deliver them to you because of his conspicuous conduct as leader of the storming party on that occasion.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE G. MEADE,
Major General Commanding.

To the Adjutant General U. S. Army.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

Longstreet Moving to Attack Burnside.

SKIRMISHING BETWEEN THE OUTPOSTS.

The latest information from East Tennessee is to the effect that Longstreet is moving in that direction, and that some skirmishing has already occurred between Burnside's outposts and the outposts of Longstreet's advance. The tone of the Richmond papers lately has shown that the rebels consider it a matter of the first necessity to their cause that they should drive Burnside from East Tennessee, and this movement of Longstreet's is doubtless with the view to dislodge him if possible.

We are not aware of the exact position of Burnside's outposts, but presume he has withdrawn from London and other exposed points, and concentrated at Knoxville. We shall probably hear of some sharp fighting in that vicinity ere long.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

The Position Occupied by Buckner's Force—The Effect on the Rebels of Taking Brown's Ferry—Rebels Firing on Hospitals—Reports Through the Atlanta (Chattanooga) Rebel—Compensation for the Destruction of Property Belonging to Union Citizens—The Responsibility of the Chickamauga Campaign.

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

CHATTANOOGA, November 8, 1863.—The rebel force under Buckner, which advanced to Loudon, has fallen back to Charleston, on the Hiawassee, where it has a bridge nearly completed. Beyond this point, General Burnside feels confident that he can prevent its advance.

The present position of the enemy presents a fine display of enterprise and the live qualities which alone will win victories and circumvent the enemy. While I hope that it will be improved, I shall not be disappointed if it is not. The general who is great in battle, or plans a masterly siege, may fail to improve the opportunity of inflicting a mortal blow on the enemy.

Deserters from the rebels say that the taking of Brown's Ferry, and the way it was done, was a perfect stunner, especially to Longstreet, whose forces covered that position. It is a point they were prepared to defend to the last, because it is the key to the river, and the possession of it solved the question of supplies. It is said, furthermore, that the rebels threaten to retake the place at almost any cost. I think, however, that they have given up that idea, for, within the last few days, they have withdrawn their forces, excepting a picket guard, from their position nearest to the Ferry.

There are several hospitals in the southwest quarter of Chattanooga. The fact that the buildings, which are white, are hospitals is as well known to the rebels as to us. They built and used them as such, and the hospital flag can be distinctly seen by them. Nevertheless, they have for the last few days persisted in shelling these buildings—one in particular—from the top of Lookout. Two days since a shell entered hospital No. 1, passed within two feet of a man who, but two days before, had suffered the amputation of a leg, and, continuing its course, buried itself several feet in the earth beneath the building. Fortunately it did not explode; had it done so, many patients must have been injured, if not killed. This persistent violation of the rules of warfare and the civilized code may necessitate the removal of the patients from the hospital to a position where they cannot be reached by guns which none but the rebels would turn on buildings used for hospital purposes.

The Atlanta (Chattanooga) *Rebel* of the 5th says everything indicates a grand battle at an early day, "or else a movement by one or both armies which will materially alter the situation." It says that transportation is coming up to Bragg to transport the sick to the rear, that his troops are concentrating, and every furloughed man hurried to the front.

Of these preparations for a great battle there are no visible signs, and, beyond the movement of Buckner toward London, nothing unusual is or has been going on among Bragg's troops.

The *Rebel* further says that General Howell Cobb has been placed in command of all the territory south and east of Oostenaula and Coosa rivers, to be called the district of Northeast Georgia.

Bragg had tendered his resignation, but Davis declined to accept it.

The *Rebel* expresses the opinion that on the issue of the pending struggle for the recovery of Tennessee depends the duration of the war.

The rebels seldom fire from any other battery than from that on Lookout, though they have others equally near the town. At times their practice is bad, their shells exploding frequently within their own lines; but lately they have done better, though with but two or three guns, one of which appears to be of a larger calibre than the others—probably a rifled 32-pounder, of the old marine pattern. There are many guns of this description in the hands of the rebels, stolen principally from the Norfolk Navy yard, and subsequently rifled and banded *à la* Parrott.

Nothing positive has ever been ascertained concerning the alleged disagreement and fight between Longstreet's corps and the Georgia militia, shortly after the battle of Chickamauga, further than that a serious disagreement did ensue, growing out of the claim set up by the Georgians that they were pressed into the service solely to defend their own State, and their refusal consequently to be marched beyond its boundary. I am inclined to think that the reported fight needs confirmation. I have it on good authority, however, that the animosity existing between the new Georgia troops and Longstreet's men is so great that they are not allowed to mingle, but are kept separated.

General Grant is about to promulgate an important order. It will require that whenever the property of Union citizens within this department is destroyed or disturbed by guerrillas, the loss or damage shall be compensated by an assessment on the nearest secessionists or Secession sympathizers, and that whenever the value of such loss or damage is not realized in money, the property of such Secessionists and sympathizers shall be taken and handed over to those sustaining the loss or damage. The order will provide, also, that whenever Union men, who have been made fugitives on account of their faith, return without the means of support, an assessment shall be levied on the nearest Secessionists and Secession sympathizers to support them.

These are important and wholesome provisions, having the essence of the principle "Those who dance must pay the fiddler."

By an order of General Thomas, General Wagner has been relieved as Post Commandant, and Colonel Parkhurst appointed his successor. General W. is a most excellent officer. He led the advance on Chattanooga, and is distinguished alike for his bravery and executive qualities. It is not doubted that Col. Parkhurst will prove a worthy successor.

Whenever there is anything at all to be said about events and transactions which, from their bearings or magnitude, must necessarily enter into history, it is essential that the truth only, and, if possible, the whole of it, should be uttered. In this view, an expression in the letter published in the *Tribune*, dated at this place the 20th ult., to the effect that "the main responsibility" of the Chickamauga campaign—"the original agency in inaugurating the unsuccessful operations"—was not with General Rosecrans, has been read with much regret. An entirely erroneous view of the facts is here taken, as the writer is probably well aware by this time. The responsibility, and the "original agency in inaugurating the unsuccessful operations" which resulted in the defeat at Chickamauga, belongs wholly to General Rosecrans. The instant that the Government, in reply to his application to undertake an extended campaign, would consent to his going, was Dillon. But he pushed on notwithstanding, chafing and complaining that the authorities at Washington restrained him. In the next few days he is overwhelmed with defeat—a dear penalty for disobedience and misjudgment. General Halleck has written a letter distinctly denying the responsibility of that campaign, and placing it on the shoulders of General Rosecrans, where it solely belongs—a fact as well attested, and in a thousand different ways, as the fact that the campaign itself was badly managed in almost every particular.

There were abundant reasons for the removal of General Rosecrans, now almost universally conceded here, for giving some of which the time has not yet come, since by doing so information no less valuable to the enemy than interesting to the loyal reader would be divulged. Enough to know that the very highest considerations dictated the change, no less than the safety of the army itself and the fruits of its previous campaigns.

It is a fact that General Rosecrans and General Crittenden did both sleep in the same room in Chattanooga on Saturday night, having left the field of battle in time to make some twenty miles to get here, and that they had no part in the severe fighting of Sunday morning.

I propose not to write a review of the past events—only to correct some errors, and to state what I do know.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

The Affair at Rogersville—Our Force Surprised—Discreditable Conduct of the Ohio Troops—Heroism of the Tennesseeans—The Rebels Run One Way and Part of Our Troops the Other.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., November 9

The facts touching the affair at Rogersville are these:

The rebels, under General Williams, on Friday last, surprised the camps of the 2d Tennessee infantry and 7th Ohio cavalry, near Rogersville, at daylight. A panic ensued. The 2d Tennessee made a stand, and six hundred were captured. The 7th Ohio abandoned the ground and fled to Morristown in a state of utter demoralization. The latter lost two hundred prisoners, making a total of eight hundred men lost. The Illinois battery lost four guns. Much sympathy is felt for Colonel Garrard, of the 7th Ohio, who did his best to rally his men, but they got so long a start of their commander that he could not overtake them.

General Burnside intends to dismount the regiment and give them some exercise as infantry. The greatest mortification is felt at this *faux pas*. The rebels, after their success, ran one way, and our troops ran the other. At last accounts all was quiet, the rebels having fallen back to Moccasin Gap, the same point to which Colonel Garrard had driven the same party two days before.

General Shackleford telegraphs that all is quiet along the Little Tennessee.

The weather has changed from the mild temperature of the Indian Summer to the crisp air of a Northern November. The roads are drying, and transportation is improved.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE CHRONICLE.

THE GETTYSBURG CEREMONIES.

Progress of the President and Suite.

DISTINGUISHED OFFICIALS AND OTHERS EN ROUTE.

The President Enthusiastically Received Everywhere.

[Special Dispatch to the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

BALTIMORE, November 18.—President Lincoln and his suite, private secretary, and many other distinguished gentlemen from Washington, accompanied by a military guard and a band of music, passed through Baltimore at 2 o'clock this afternoon in a special train of four elegant cars, arranged by J. Prescott Smith, master of transportation, and furnished by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company. They proceeded to Gettysburg to attend the dedication of the National Cemetery. There was a large crowd of citizens to welcome the distinguished visitors. They proceeded immediately to the Northern Central railway.

[To the Associated Press.]

HARRISBURG, November 18.—A special excursion train of the Governor left here at half-past one o'clock for Gettysburg. Among the principal dignitaries as passengers are Governor Curtin, Governor Pierpont, Governor elect Brough, General Vanderpoel, of New York, Colonel Anderson, brother of General Robert Anderson, Governors Tod and Boarman, (the last-named of West Virginia,) and their respective staffs, Generals Doubleday, Stoneman, Stahl, ex Governor Dennison, ex-Secretary of War Cameron, Clement C. Barclay, of Philadelphia, and also the following-named of the Governor's staff: Adjutant General Russell, Commissary General Irwin, Surgeon General King, Quartermaster General Reynolds, Colonel J. H. Puleston, Colonel Roberts, Lieutenant Colonel Thomas, Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Wright, Colonel Quay, and Private Secretary George H. Morgan, acting chief of transportation and telegraph.

The train will connect with the President's company at Hanover Junction, where the President will be received with becoming honors, and the whole party proceed to Gettysburg. The attendance at the ceremonies will, no doubt, be very large. A number left here this morning in wagons and ambulances. All the trains are crowded.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

The Rebels Shell the Camp of the 125th Illinois, and Kill the Chaplain of the Regiment.

A WISCONSIN BATTERY FORCES THEM TO RETIRE.

CHATTANOOGA, November 17.—This morning the enemy brought a battery down to the river side and shelled the camp of the 125th Illinois regiment, who were guarding the ford six miles above here, killing Rev. Mr. Saunders, chaplain of the regiment.

The rebels were forced to retire after half an hour's practice by the 2d Wisconsin battery.

All is quiet here, and the situation unchanged.

FROM ST. LOUIS, MO.

Important Order by General McNeil.

HEAVY CAPTURES BY OUR ARMY.

The Rebel General Cooper in Rapid Flight.

ST. LOUIS, November 18.—The telegraph has been extended to Fort Smith.

General McNeil has issued orders that all molestations of the telegraph shall be regarded as the work of bushwhackers, and for every cutting of wire a guerrilla prisoner shall be hanged.

Our forces occupy Waldron, about thirty miles south of Fort Smith.

Our scouting parties captured a rebel major, two captains, and quite a number of prisoners, and a portion of Cooper's trains, laden with commissary stores and ammunition.

At last accounts Cooper was fleeing rapidly toward Red river.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Teutonia.

THE KEARSAGE ORDERED TO LEAVE CORK, AND REFUSES.

The Alabama Cruising in the Bay of Bengal.

ST. JOHN'S, November 17.—The steamer Teutonia arrived here at half past 5 o'clock on Monday evening. There is no regular dispatch.

The following is from Liverpool papers of November 5:

The cotton market opens quiet, and the depression still continues. The sales probably 5,000 bales. Consols steady at 92⅞ 93⅛ for account; Confederate cotton loan, 64 66.

The directors of the Bank of England have raised the rate of discount.

Admiral Jones had notified the Federal steamer Kearsage to leave Cork harbor in twenty four hours. The commander refused. The Kearsage was coaling all Tuesday night. It is said she is watching a blockade runner at Cork.

BOMBAY, October 14.—The Alabama is cruising in the Bay of Bengal.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

More Provisions for Libby Prisoners—A Smuggler Sentenced to Hard Labor.

FORTRESS MONROE, November 17.—A large lot of beef, pork, flour, meal, and other stores for our soldiers now in Belle Island and Libby prisons, arrived this morning from "The Baltimore *American* Relief Fund," and was immediately reshipped on board the steamer Convoy, and left for City Point at 12 M., in charge of Colonel Irving.

J. J. Woodbridge, a merchant of Norfolk, was on trial yesterday before Major Bell, judge advocate, for smuggling liquors into this Department, and was sentenced to Fort Norfolk for six months, at hard labor.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

The Wet Season Over—The Late Fire in Nevada—Loss $550,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 17.—The stormy weather ceased last night, and it is now pleasant.

The cargo of the ship Aquila, consisting of articles from the iron-clad Camanche, can be saved. Hopes are entertained of raising the ship in a condition to be repaired, though it is greatly damaged.

Careful estimates make the loss by the late fire in Nevada $550,000, on which there is only $50,000 of insurance.

The burnt part of the city is being rapidly rebuilt.

The Baltimore American Relief Fund.

BALTIMORE, November 18.—The supplies sent today to Richmond by C. C. Fulton, from the Baltimore Relief Fund, were 8 barrels of molasses, 14 barrels of flour, and sundry boxes. The whole cost of provisions thus far sent from the fund is $2300.

Arrival of Blockade Runners.

BOSTON, November 18.—The blockade-runner Cornubia, before reported captured off Wilmington, N. C., arrived here to-night. Another blockade-runner, supposed to be the R. E. Lee, from the same place, is reported below.

The Election in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, DEL., November 18.—The reported withdrawal of Charles Brown by the Democrats, as candidate for Congress, is not believed. It is thought to be a trick of that party to relax the zeal of the Union voters.

Sale of Five-Twenties.

PHILADELPHIA, November 18.—The subscription agent reports the sale of $1,300,900 of the 5.20 loan to-day.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE.—Richard Busteed, Esq., of New York city, has been appointed United States District Judge for the district of Alabama, vice Judge Lane, recently deceased. This is an excellent appointment.

STATE DEBT.—In settling up accounts between the Government and the State of New Hampshire lately, it was discovered that the State has been owing $10,000 to the General Government since the war of 1812.

Welcome Home to Mr. Beecher at Plymouth Church.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, the festival at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, welcoming home the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher on his return from Europe, attracted together a large assemblage of his friends. The limitation of the number of tickets prevented the annoyance of so dense a crowd as would otherwise inevitably have been experienced, as the tickets were all sold some hours before the opening of the doors. By the unwearied exertions of the committee of arrangements, the lecture-room, parlors, and Sabbath school were decorated with a beauty and taste that cannot be appreciated from a mere description.

The doors were opened at 5 o'clock, and soon afterward the several rooms were occupied by hundreds of smiling faces, and groups of happy children passed to and fro, enjoying themselves freely—less quietly than their seniors, but without disturbance or confusion. At 6 o'clock the principal portion of the assembly had taken their seats in the church, where Helmsmuller's Germania Band commenced their entertainment with a grand march, "Welcome Home," of which the familiar melody, "Home Again," formed the theme, followed by selections from the opera of "Ione," and other pieces.

At 7 o'clock, the musical entertainment was replaced by the stereopticon, which, although not upon the principle of the stereoscope, yet, by the aid of photographed slides, represented various European scenes with a fidelity making the illusion perhaps not less complete.

At 8½ o'clock, the Rev. Mr. Beecher, accompanied by the Rev. Mr. Cuyler, and Mr. Bell, the Superintendent of the Sunday School, came upon the platform.

Mr. Bell said: The hour long looked for by so many of us has come at last. Our hearts have beat long for this moment. The many weeks he has been kept away from us longer than we anticipated only make us welcome him the more warmly, now that he has come, and we can welcome our dear pastor to our midst.

SPEECH OF THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

The Rev. Mr. Beecher arose, and for some moments stood the recipient of the heartfelt greeting of the audience, after which he said:

Even if it had been expected of me, I could not make a speech to-night; for there are many occasions in which the only expression one can give is that of silence. It is nearly six months since I stood here, and I can truly say that there has not been a day, I might almost say not an hour, in which I have not received accessions to the pleasure of foreign travel and various experience by backward running thoughts; for I have carried you with me, and have been borne up everywhere by this recollection and by that affection which never dies. I know not how it might have been in years, because time wears away at last the very stones; but certainly in so short a time as six months, I not only have lost no quickening affection, but have gained; and although I have had uninterrupted prosperity, scarcely a clouded day upon the shore, although in England, France, and Switzerland, Northern Italy, Germany, and Belgium, where it pleased God to carry my feet—in all those places, though I have had prosperity day by day and night by night, I have not stood in a city, nor on a mountain-top, nor in any gallery of pictures, nor in any loveliest landscape, that I was not homesick. Not for one single moment have I thought backward without the old yearning, longing to be back again. I say the truth, I lie not—I love this place, this people, and this work beyond all other places under heaven. I shall not feel that I am entirely at home until I am privileged again to break to you the bread of life; for, although I love you individually, and your families collectively, it is in my special relation to you as a minister of Christ Jesus that I feel that I love you, and again to be permitted to preach here is the highest joy that I anticipate on earth. I have been called in the providence of God to labor outside of the accustomed field of church labor; and I have occasion to ask your thanks mingling with mine to God that I have been preserved in all the arduous labor to which I have been called; but I feel that these are really foreign things required by the exigencies of our country; and to preach the Gospel for the conversion of men and for the edification of Christ's children is after all my work—to which I was dedicated, to which I give myself again: and I come back again among you to be your elder brother and instructor in Christ Jesus, and in the simplicity of the Gospel, and in the work of the Gospel, which for 1800 years and more has been administered in the world by so many thousand faithful pastors; in that work I desire to find my only, as I find my constant pleasure. Pray for me, then, dear Christian brethren, friends, all, not so much that I may have strength for continued work as that I may not be seduced from it—that I may love nothing better than the work of the Christian ministry. So I bid you all good greeting. I thank you all for your sympathy and your kindness to me, for those remembrances which without your uttering I know have accompanied me, and for your kind and glad reception of me to-night. My first experience of foreign travel was in Old England. We can all adopt, I think, the words of Cowper, and none so much as those that have been there: "England, with all thy faults, I love thee still." [Applause.] Nothing was more charming to me on leaving that arid ocean, which some insane persons are pleased to praise, and nothing struck me so much as the green fields, green trees, and exquisite lawns and plantations of England; and I wandered up and down through the midland counties, viewing from east to west as far as I had leisure and opportunity, with pleasure that knew no abatement, and that grew with the hours. From thence I went into France by way of Havre, Rouen, and Paris, seeing of course, the country, looking at the people, because I was denied any other privilege of intercourse than that [laughter] studying what could be studied by a superficial glance, glad to see Paris, gladder yet to leave it. I traversed the beautiful vine-clad country between Paris and Strasburg and Lucerne, that sits like a jewel in the midst of the loveliest valleys in Switzerland. And then that glorious three weeks of experience in those mountains on which God has laid his hand, and they are pure and white forevermore, and three such memorable weeks of Switzerland. The best wish I can give for you is that you may live to go to Switzerland, where good Americans should go. Switzerland, where nature is so transcendently beautiful, and men so wretched; for, of all wretched creatures, I think I saw none more so than the Swiss; for although there are parts of Switzerland where men are men, there are valleys and regions through which the traveller is called upon to pass where human life seems to be an imprisonment and a drudgery, where disease devastates the understanding; where toil makes people prematurely old; where children are born a hundred years old, and not altogether in the Scriptural meaning of the term; where one is said to see a maiden, because close behind her, closer than her own shadow, is old decrepit womanhood. Out of Switzerland, so glorious in natural things, but, in my experience, so sad in human things, I passed over into rejuvenating Italy. I was happier the moment I was on the further side of the Mont Blanc Pass. There is a glorious future for Italy. They are a splendid people, springing from a grand stock. There is stamina there; and they need only education, religion and liberty to make again one of the peoples of the world; and I said at every league, All hail to Italy! And so I passed on, through waking and living Northern Italy, through Piedmont, until I struck the Austrian dominion; and then slumber fell on that fair land; and in Venice, the city dreamed of the past and despaired of the future, I was as one in a dream, full of glorious memories and full of a wretched present. Thence I retraced my steps, and, turning north, crossed the mountains of Tyrol—beautiful Tyrol, with a Catholic population, yet simple, patriarchal, and presenting a most interesting spectacle—rapidly through Germany; touching principally the capitals, and those that I might see the creations of art, to Belgium, and back to England. And let me say that when at last I struck the shore of England again, although I had had reason of displeasure when there in the fore part of the summer, I breathed freer and said, "After all, thank God for England;" because, with their rugged faults, with their wrongheadedness, with their many things that just at this crisis offend us, there is in their national character, not that which, as among the French and many continental nations is so prepossessing and polished in manner, but a foundation of truth and manliness; and I felt as if I had come back among men of our own sort, and men, too, brought up under different circumstances and influences. I was glad to be back again in England; and although my welcome there was rather equivocal, [laughter,] it made no difference; I think that when I left England I liked her still better, not her wrongheadedness, not her prejudices, not that corruption among her commercial classes, that is the parallel of corruption in our country, in years past by. The bitternesses of interest in slavery but the better England. I appeal from England misinformed to England better informed. And then again I came down to the great deep. Whom God abhors I think he sends to sea. [Laughter.] If I did not repent of my sins, it was not because I did not do penance. Thirteen weary days and nights I lay in my coffin—in my sepulchre there. The bed was shorter than that a man could stretch himself on it, and it was always a matter of calculation when turning over that I did not turn an inch too far. I have here very much of the inferior life. I shall not speak of mine. [Renewed laughter.] Sometimes it is said of great afflictions: Hereafter it will delight you to remember these things; but this was an experience that was detestable at the time, and is no better when you think back upon it. As if the ocean were not enough, the steamer—which chanced to be the very same one that thirteen years ago brought me from England to America—was loaded down heavy with freight, destined mostly for transhipment at Halifax to run the blockade. But as the fashion is now for the blockade runners to appear in New York or Philadelphia, I was rather pleased to see them hauling those cases of muskets out of the hold, and said, "Handle them safely; we need them all." When I landed at last on my own shores, I felt as every one of you has always felt who has been abroad—I have reached, after all, the clime and the land and the people that I most love; I am back again; this is home. There is no word in our tongue, there is no expression in the English language, that can give utterance to the feelings one has, after months and months of absence, again to greet his native land, to be brought back in health, to find all that he had left still preserved to him; and, so soon after my arrival, to be greeted by this goodly presence, to feel that in my home of homes, in the midst of my own brethren, and in the church where I have for so many years labored, this is joy upon joy; and I am devoutly thankful. And here, in the house of the Lord and among his people, I record my thanksgiving and my vows of fidelity in the future. I thank you for your kindness, and I ask you, not only from your love to me, but from your love for that cause we both serve, to pray for me, and with me, and labor with me, that at last we may together enter the rest which has no end and no earth, where all shall be peace forever more. [Great applause.]

FROM CHARLESTON.

How the Siege of Fort Sumter Progresses—The Iron-clad Fleet—Fine Weather for Naval Operations—The Health of the Troops.

MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., Saturday, Nov. 14.

The firing from the rebel batteries on Sullivan's Island yesterday was more heavy and rapid than it had been for some days previous. Mortars were used principally. A very few shots were thrown from the James Island batteries. We replied sparingly. Only one casualty occurred on our side.

The Ironsides and three monitors are off Sullivan's Island. They do not indicate immediate action.

A desultory firing is going on at the present writing, between the enemy's works and our batteries on Morris Island.

The prospect for a speedy and general assault is by no means flattering.

In fact, nothing of special importance has transpired since the date of my last dispatches.

The health of the troops is all that could be expected, the sick list being comparatively small. In accordance with a late general order, Medical Director Wirtz has completed the arrangements for establishing a convalescent hospital at St. Augustine, Fla., whither a number of patients, including several officers, have been transferred.

Colonel M. S. Littlefield, formerly of the 21 South Carolina regiment, has been assigned to the command of the colored brigade on Folly Island.

Arrangements have been completed for dispatching the mail daily from this point to Hilton Head, and also for receiving the mail daily from Hilton Head and Beaufort.

The weather is all that could be desired for naval operations. The navy is rejecting a golden opportunity by not seizing the present time for a direct assault upon the rebel forts.

Promotions in the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers.

HEADQUARTERS 148TH P. V., NEAR PAOLI MILLS VA., November 15, 1863.

The following promotions have been made in the 148th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, since last report:

Major George A. Fairlamb, to be lieutenant colonel, in place of McFarlane, resigned on account of physical disability.

Captain Robert H. Forster, company A, to be major, in place of Fairlamb, promoted.

First Lieutenant John L. Johnston, company B, to be captain company A, in place of Forster, promoted.

Second Lieutenant James B. Cook, to be first lieutenant of company H, in place of Johnston, promoted.

Sergeant Henry H. Montgomery, to be second lieutenant of company H, in place of Cook, promoted.

Second Lieutenant Robert A. Travis, company E, has been appointed by the President captain in the 8th regiment U S colored troops.

JOSEPH W. MUFFLY, Lieut. and Adjutant.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Amusements this Evening.

GROVER'S THEATRE, Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.—"Victorine; or, I'll Sleep on It," "Nature and Philosophy."

Miss Lucille Western continues the great attraction at this popular resort, drawing crowded houses every night. This evening she will appear in a character of which she is known as the best impersonator extant. It is that of *Victorine* in the beautiful drama of "Victorine; or, I'll Sleep on It." Miss Annie Ward made a decided hit upon her first appearance, showing herself equal, if not superior, to any representative of the eccentric Irish girl that we have ever seen. She appears to-night as *Colin* in the roaring comedietta of "Nature and Philosophy."

FORD'S NEW THEATRE, Tenth street, near E.—"Nicholas Nickleby," "In and Out of Place."

CANTERBURY HALL, Louisiana avenue, near Sixth street.—"Highwayman's Last Crime," "Painter's Illusion," Kathleen's Irishisms, Singing, Dancing, &c.

WASHINGTON VARIETIES, Ninth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.—Pantomimes, Ballets, &c.

THE FLAG OF MOURNING.—At midnight, last as the day of the National Cemetery ceremonies was making its entrance, the large flag that has floated in front of THE CHRONICLE BUILDING, and which had been withdrawn for the day, was silently again displayed, two ladies, Mrs. D. C. Forney and Mrs. E. A. Smith having in the meantime draped it in mourning with much taste, and emblazoned in the centre of its ample folds the appropriate motto:

"IN MEMORY OF THE DEAD AT GETTYSBURG."

We doubt not that throughout this city there will be rents of which have so much reason to be grateful to the Union soldiers equal manifestations of sympathy will be extensively made.

PREPARE FOR WINTER.—It is the general impression that the coming winter will be a severe one—all the signs, it is said, indicate it. If it should be so it will bear hard on the poor and needy, the price of even necessary articles of consumption having advanced so much during a few months past. Should no, therefore remedies be taken by those whom fortune has favored toward ameliorating the condition of the class referred to? Now is the time for action in the matter—now when the weather is so mild and serene that doubts are entertained by many whether we have yet had our Indian summer. But such a season cannot last long. Soon will arrive the sharp winds, the rough sleet, and the chilling snow, the bare side of the rude winter, where icy fingers will be laid on all alike. Those who have comfortable homes and cheerful firesides sometimes forget the suffering of the ill-clad and houseless; but their claims on the community, as a whole, cannot be disregarded. The city will shortly swarm with strangers, our places of amusement will be more crowded than ever the wealthy will scatter their gold for luxurious entertainment, splendid equipages will roll up and down our avenues, there will be gay balls and festive scenes, or, in other words, a carnival of revelry; but, in the midst of all this, we must remember the "other side of the picture." It is the duty of the rich to help the indigent, and if they neglect to do this it manifests an ungrateful spirit towards a kind Providence whose munificence has filled their coffers.

We trust this appeal will be heeded. The public authorities can do much, but, after all, the main responsibility rests upon the citizens generally. Let us not wait until the time comes. A few dollars judiciously expended now may prove a blessing of priceless value.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The annual report of the Board of School Trustees, published in this paper yesterday, is a very satisfactory one. From it we learn that the schools were never more prosperous, and that the special tax levied for school purposes has been cheerfully paid. We indulge the hope that ere the lapse of another year the majority if not the whole of the school buildings will be such as will compare favorably with those of any other city. As the report remarks, it is most surprising that the erection of new school buildings should have met with the slightest opposition. If the instruction of the rising generation be worth anything, surely it is meet and proper that the edifices in which our children are taught should be as commodious as possible. And not only that, they should be built with a view to architectural elegance, as well as for the comfort of those we send there. We cannot, of course, expect to rival our more favored sister cities in every respect, but there is no reason why the course of public education should not flourish as well in Washington as elsewhere. Only one difficulty at present obtrudes itself and that is in reference to the compensation of teachers. Capable men cannot be obtained unless they are adequately paid. The Trustees are of opinion that the present salaries are too low. They are the best judges in the matter, and the public should sustain them in all well directed efforts to elevate the public school system. The time is not far off when it will be necessary to establish a High school, to reach which will stimulate the ambition of those in the lower grade of schools, but in the interim all the means that can be raised should be appropriated for the latter class of schools. The demand for schools is pressing. As Washington grows the expenses of our schools will necessarily increase, but then we shall have a larger population to bear their proportion of the tax, which no enlightened citizen should object to pay. We trust that hereafter more interest will be manifested in our public schools. The cause is one which addresses itself to every understanding. To be instrumental in promoting it is an honor of which the highest in the land might be proud.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO AVOID THE DRAFT.—The committees appointed to encourage enlistments in this city to fill the quota of the last call for 300,000 men will, through their sub-committees, begin their labors on Monday next. An account of all the subscriptions made and by whom, will be published daily, so that all may see the names of those who subscribe to a fund which, if liberally contributed to, will save Washington from another draft. In no other way can it be avoided. It will be a draft. It therefore devolves on every man liable to the draft to see to it that the necessary means are raised before January next. Let it be remembered that the committees offer to pay $5 for each recruit. They may in this way make themselves doubly useful. The quota is only 2,400 men. The amount required to procure that number is comparatively small. No matter how trifling the subscriptions are, they will be received by the committees, who will spare no effort to achieve the result aimed at. We suggest that all those in the Government employ who cannot afford to contribute money appropriate a day's labor to the good work. The soldiers must be furnished the Government, and no time is to be lost. Generous contributions on the part of the wealthy, and proportionate ones from those in receipt of good salaries, will soon complete the necessary enlistment.

THE PRESIDENT AT GETTYSBURG.—The President left this city yesterday, to take part in the dedication of the National Cemetery at Gettysburg. He did so at considerable personal inconvenience, but he could not deny himself the opportunity to be present on an occasion of such melancholy interest. His presence at the dedication will help to deepen the impressiveness of the scene, for what nobler spectacle could be presented to a nation struggling for its supremacy than to behold its chief Magistrate an humble mourner at the graves of those who saved the country, on the memorable days of July last, from great peril, not to say destruction?

ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS FROM RICHMOND.—The steamer New York arrived at the Navy-yard yesterday noon from Fortress Monroe, with three hundred and twenty sick and wounded prisoners, who were captured in the recent battles in Tennessee and Virginia, besides the following-named sutlers, who were also taken prisoners, viz: William Stannard, W. Verplanck, W. J. Grey, Andrew Hines, D. C. Walters, G. B. Beasley, John Hitchins and George Pelmester. The greater part of the above-named persons were captured at Greenville some hundred and fifty miles above Vicksburg, in the early part of last May. Two of them were captured at the late battle of Chickamauga. They state that they were treated very indifferently, and were forced to walk for three days and nights without a particle to eat. When they arrived in Richmond, which took them eleven days, some were confined in the Libby prison and the others in Castle Thunder.

According to the statements of Mr. Beasley the present aspect of affairs at Richmond is very dispiriting. Bread was $1 50 a loaf when he left, and about one-third the size of an ordinary loaf. It had raised from fifty cents to the above price during his imprisonment. They were fed on seven ounces of corn meal every twenty-four hours, no fresh or fresh meat to be had. Captain Alexander, a Baltimorean, who has charge of Libby prison, and of whom Mr. B. speaks as being a perfect gentleman, frankly confessed one day to Mr. B., when asked the reason why they could not obtain meat and vegetables, that they had not and could not get any. Mr. Beasley is impressed that the Union feeling exists to some extent in that city, but those who maintain their opinion dare not utter their sentiments, under penalty of peremptory punishment. He has received so many of ease some few civilities in a very manner, sent to him from Union sympathizers.

These gentlemen are stopping at the National Hotel, and a week formed its their intention to present a full account of their imprisonment to the Secretary of War.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY.—Since the last session of Congress notable improvement has been made in the Congressional library by substituting a tessellated marble floor for the worn and tattered carpet of two years' wear which previously disfigured that main front hall. Books have been added to the collection this year to the number of thirty-seven thousand, embracing every variety in politics and history, and other works of the day of paramount value and interest. Among them is a set of Audubon's magnificent Birds of America, in five volumes, folio, and illustrated in the style of Audubon's great work. It is published at $1,000 for the edition. It gives figures of hundred varieties of humming birds, which is doubtless a number treated of in all other works. Mr. Gould spent years in North and South America, and in the West India islands, wherever this kind of bird is found. The new books added to the library have been bought in the Northern cities and in London, Paris, and Leipsic.

An estimate of $100,000 has been made for enlarging the Congressional library so as to include the rooms formerly occupied by the clerk of the House, and the vacant chamber above that upon the recent change of the Supreme Court. In this latter section it is proposed to locate the law library of the court, and a large portion of all the remaining space is already needed for the books for which there is no place in the present library. The volumes now on hand number eighty-two thousand.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRESIDENT.—Yesterday at noon President Lincoln left this city in a special train for Gettysburg, accompanied by Secretaries Seward, Usher, Blair, and other members of his Cabinet, his private secretaries, several of the diplomatic corps, and officers of the army and navy. The train is made up of four cars under the charge of Mr. Smith, master of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. The Marine Band accompanied the train, and the President had an escort from the 1st regiment of Invalid Corps. The party expected to arrive at Gettysburg by sundown. The other train took out large numbers of citizens, among them a number of the Order of Odd Fellows.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—The following troops have arrived at the Soldiers' Rest: 40 men for the 1st Connecticut cavalry; 55 stragglers from Baltimore; 125 convalescents from Philadelphia, and 17 from Annapolis. The 4th Delaware regiment, 450 men, under Colonel Grimshaw, also stopped at the Soldiers' Rest on their arrival from home.

TRYING TO SMUGGLE LIQUOR.—Mary Riley was arrested at the Long Bridge by the guard for attempting to convey liquor across to the Virginia side. She had everything neatly arranged about her person for the object. She was committed to the Central Guard-house by Captain Todd.

PAUPER DIED.—A colored man named James Palmer was found south of the Capitol beastly drunk by Officer Milstead and taken to the station. Permission was given to convey him to the poor-house, but on the way he expired.

ARRESTED.—Patrolman Johnson arrested P. H. Saughton, on Tuesday afternoon, for assault and battery on Michael Doodeel, the keeper of a peanut stand at the corner of the banking house of Messrs. Johnson & Co., Pennsylvania avenue.

FOND OF FIGS.—James McCloskey and William Taylor were arrested yesterday by the police for appropriating a box of figs belonging to Israel Dennis, No. 131 Seventh street. The latter was committed to jail by Justice Rowland, and the former was dismissed.

STEALING COWS.—George Shoemaker was yesterday arrested by the Third ward police for stealing four cows from Michael Roach and three from G. W. Gregg. He is a German about twenty nine years of age. Committed.

PERSONAL.—Hon. R. B. Connolly, of New York, is in the city, stopping at the Ebbitt House. Hon. Schuyler Colfax, member of Congress from Indiana, and Hon. F. W. Kellogg, of Michigan, are at the National Hotel.

LOCKED UP.—Yesterday morning five boys were found lying under a porch on O street between Third and Four-and-a-half streets. They were all colored, and were locked up by Justice Thompson.

FINED.—Charles Robinson, a colored boy, was arrested yesterday morning for fast and careless riding. He ran over a man named John Sullivan on Seventh street. He was fined $5 by Justice Thompson.

TO BE HELD FOR PUNISHMENT.—John and P. H. Hughes, proprietors of a saloon near the National race-course, were fined in the "Central" for altering a pass which they had received for carrying goods.

CLOSED AGAIN.—The lager beer garden of Ernest Loeffler was closed on Sunday by order of Captain Todd, and the proprietor arrested and committed to the Central Guard-house.

VISITORS NOT TO BE RECEIVED.—After this date until the date of the meeting of Congress, the President will be unable to receive visitors. His time will be fully occupied by public business.

ROBBED.—George Carter, residing on Eighth street east near I street south, was robbed of $23. It is thought that a German barber, employed near by, took the money.

COMMITTED.—J. B. Shepherd, J. R. Pearson, and E. Lyon, rebel guerrillas sent in from Alexandria, by order of Captain Todd, were committed to the Old Capitol.

DISORDERLY.—Peter Welch, Edward Bennett, Nancy Rogers and Mr. Murray were arrested by the police for being disorderly, and were committed to the Central Guard-house.

ARRIVED.—The prize schooner Alma, which cleared at Nassau for a port in Florida, has arrived at this port in charge of a prize master.

LARCENY.—Yesterday Calperny Perkins was arrested for stealing one black silk and two merino dresses from a store on the Avenue.

COMMITMENTS.—The following cases were admitted to the Central Guard house during the present week: Monday, 24; Tuesday, 10; Wednesday, 9; total, 53.

THE COURTS.

CIRCUIT COURT—CHIEF JUSTICE CARTTER.

In this court, yesterday, the case of Cook & Sickles, use of George Mattingly, vs. the Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown Steam Packet Company was continued. It will be recollected that this is a claim for the use of the Sickles' cut-off on board the steamer Columbia, under an alleged contract for certain portion of the savings in fuel as compensation, and a general verdict having been given at a former trial in favor of plaintiffs, it was appealed, and the case remanded back to the United States Supreme Court on account of rulings for estoppel in regard to certain testimony in the lower court.

The counsel for the defence, in response to the proposition of plaintiffs the previous day to submit the question of savings to a new experiment on board the steamer Columbia, made a counter-proposition to leave the matter to disinterested arbitration, which Mr. Bradley, for plaintiff, declined.

Some prayers of defence put in by Mr. Brent for the introduction of testimony on the points discussed the previous afternoon, relative to the experiment on the steamer for testing the cut off, being imperfect and fraudulent, were refused by the court; and then the defence proposed to rebut the testimony which had been given by plaintiff in regard to the amount of fuel consumed in the trips of the boat, requiring so many hours, &c., and proceeded as follows:

Mr. Patrick Kavanaugh, clerk of the steamer Columbia, testified that the trips between Washington and Baltimore generally occupied twenty four hours, including stoppages. The boat stopped about twelve times at landings on the Potomac, sometimes taking twenty minutes, landing two to four boat loads of passengers; generally there were from two to three hours lost on a trip, and sometimes three and a half; the machinery did not [illegible] all the while to the furnace, the boat of course not being in motion; in cold weather the fires would be kept up during the night to protect the water from freezing, and in the summer the fires would be got up an hour before starting; there was a large cooking stove on board, in which the fire was never out except on a night during each week as they lay in Baltimore, besides which there were six stoves in the cabins, in which wood was burnt on board.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bradley: The stopping places in 1855 on the Potomac after leaving Alexandria were Fort Washington, at least once a month; Hollow Point, two to three times a month; Bryan's Landing, oftener; Pope's Landing, nearly every trip each way; Indian Head, very frequently in fishing season; almost a fishing Landing, occasionally; Maryland Point, in fishing season most every trip, or about twice a month at other periods; Boyd's Hole seldom or never missed stopping; Nanjemoy generally stopped on the way down, and frequently coming back; the night-boat, on an average twice a month; Mathias Point, generally either going or coming; Pope's Creek scarcely ever missed; Lower Lights twice a month; Montgomery or Bluff Point, or Blackstone's Island, three or four times a month; Moore's Landing, generally both ways; Piney Point, ditto; Sandy Point, nearly every trip; Point Lookout, two thirds of the time each way; generally say that Alexandria the average of three-quarters of an hour; and the average of stops on the river was more than twenty minutes; witness don't know with regard to the engine, but the dampers at stopping points generally made three trips for Christmas; don't suppose there was any necessity for keeping up the fires all over night from the month of October, and the fires at the wharf were not lit until about that time; witness is satisfied the cooking stove consumed a cord of wood a week, winter and summer.

George W. Cochran testified that he was on the jury in 1855, which rendered a verdict in this case in favor of plaintiff; is unable to say whether the damages which they assessed were upon the amount of savings claimed or what they supposed the evidence showed them likely to be; witness' impression is that the verdict was not on any one special count of the pleadings more than another, though they were satisfied there was a contract; the jury did not, however, take the twenty five per cent of the savings, as they thought the experiment might vary; witness thinks there was evidence of a test by men at the time that the experiment could not have been a fair test within the time that it lasted; think we based our verdict on what we supposed to be the savings.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bradley: Witness thinks that there were two propositions proved to have been made to the company, one to buy outright the use of the machine for so much money, or for three-fourths of the saving, and the company chose the latter, the matter to be tested by the experiment.

Defence then proposed to show that the experiment, as agreed upon in the contract, was against physical laws, and it was therefore a mathematical impossibility to ascertain the savings in such a way. Subsequent developments of science showed this, and therefore Messrs. Brent and Davidge held that it was new testimony, and, besides, if such an arrangement was agreed to in ignorance between the parties, neither law nor equity would hold them to it, as it could not lead to a correct result.

The Chief Justice said testimony as to the physical impossibility could be given, and Mr. Bradley took exception.

Mr. Isherwood, chief engineer, and at the head of the Bureau of Engineers in the United States navy, testified: Such a mode as named in the contract for ascertaining the comparative results between the using of the boat with and without the cut-off would be a very wild test; when two equal piles of wood are used, merely taking it by bulk, it is not to be relied on; the quality, straightness, size of sticks, &c., might make a great difference—difference several per cent. in the result; the only fair test as to fuel would be by equal weight, and then the firing, weather, &c., might affect it; such an experiment, even with an indefinite length of time, it would be impossible to demonstrate a reliable result.

Proceeding further, Mr. Bradley objected, and a long argument ensued. Mr. Brent argued earnestly against the attempt to estop them on this point, and showed, by one of the former jury, that their verdict was not based upon the result of the alleged three-fourths savings by the experiment which had been made, as one of the terms of the contract. He said estoppel had been the bloody and offence of this case, preventing them from getting at the truth, and read from the Supreme Court decisions in the case to show that it was for the very reason of shutting out this kind of testimony that the case was sent back, &c.

The Chief Justice said he should desire to hear Mr. Bradley on that point, and adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Stock and Money Market.

To Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, we are indebted for the following report of the stock and money market in this city yesterday:

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
U S coupon 6's of '81	109	109¾	U S 1yr cts	98	98¼
do 6's registered			Am Gold coin	147	
do 7 3-10 Tr Nt	10½	108½	Certificate Checks	99	

New York, November 18.

FIRST BOARD.

U S Coupons	109½	U S Certif. (new)	98¼
U S 7 3-10	106½	Gold	150

CITY ITEMS.

PROFESSOR WOLOWSKI.—We understand that this celebrated teacher of vocal and instrumental music has entered upon his last course of instruction in Washington, and it speaks well for the appreciation of our citizens that he has very few vacant hours, even in the course of a week. Those who may desire to be benefited by his talents and ability will do well to make an early call at his rooms, 316 F street.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

E W Clark, Philada; J L Smallwood, N Y; N J Demarest, N J; Dr J C Delacour, Camden; Wm H Blood, Boston; A Blecker, Valparaiso; Geo W M Hays, U S A; S H Jones, N Y; J B Wood, R I; Geo H Litterly, N Y; Lt Col Wilkinson, Scott 900; L Rutland, do; C J Thomson, U S N; G G Moore, Washington; B O Harris & wf, Ohio; Henry Clemons, Philada; J C Unverzitch, Philada; N Walsh, Philada; J M Forbes, Boston; N T Mead, ex, N Y; J A Brodhead, U S A; Mr F H Scovill, N Y; A Getty, Canada; J F Bircham, Penna; J Reed, Penna; Lt O Barrett, U S A; L Hayden, N Y; B Masterfield, N Y; N F Staley, N Y; B T Gilson, Philada; H Hawkins, U S A; J W Page, Washington; G T Coo & ly, U S A; Miss H M Greene, U S A; Dr S S Lounsberry, U S A; Dr J O Delacour, N J; Dr H Roberts, Penna; Lt J Fahy, U S A; J D Vanvalin, D C; S Hagen, Balt; B Booth, Philada; Capt J P Spencer, N Y; Miss Gleason, St Louis; W T Stacey, St Louis; J P Robinson, Jr, Ky; C C Little, Mass; G F Talbot & wf, Maine; Jno H Griscom, N Y; Major Moses, Philada; Jas M Scovel, Camden; D O Curtis, N Y; J Vanderpool, N Y; R Wright, Philada; W J A Foster, N Y; Darius G Ell, R I; N H Otis, N Y; Saml Eldridge, U S A; Thos B Ferris, N Y; T W Coon, N Y; W H Lessis, U S A; D Birdsall, N Y; L Daulimer & lady, Ohio; Mrs H O Backland, N Y; J H Brown, Philada; M T Stevens, N Y; Wm B Crocker, N Y; W Margot, N Y; M Malmanche, N Y; B W Merriam, N Y; R O Davies, N Y; L Blodget, Philada; Mr Johnson & ly, Penna; Misses Johnson, Penna; J J B D B Currier, Penna; Capt S F Gould, U S A; J B Barker, N Y; E From, Boston; C F Ulle & ly, Cinn; H G Bankhead, U S A; W A Darling, N Y; H Hall, N Y; J Meyer, Philada; E H Nevin, Jr, Alex; N B Judd, Chicago; F H Judd, Chicago; D Sanio, N Y; D Rogers & wf, Philada; Mrs C F Tracey & ch, Mo; Mrs A E Tracey, Mo; F A Dubrman, Pittsburg; P Greeley, N Y; W H Winder, Philada; Geo Perrine, N J; J Wells, N J

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

F Dutton, Boston; R H Watson, Phila; J Gillen, Jr, Del; A R Baxter, Pa; J H Riley, Conn; E W Lowell, N Y; Nettleton, N Y; T A Galloway, U S Navy; T W Chappell, Balto; J B Lincoln, Brooklyn; A Angor, N Y; H M B Jennings, Va; F Fisher, U S A; F Schaffner, Jr, N Y; Lt Col O H Hunt, U S A; H Schlermer, D C; J B Murray, N Y; Mrs Cox, Binghamton; Mrs O A Lathrop, N Y; F E McDonald, U S A; Rev B Lewis, U S Navy; E A Prior, Balto; J H Stewart, Norfolk; Mrs E Paine, N Y; W H Waite, Mass; Mrs J D Leach, D C; Mrs A Fitzgerald, D C; Lt J W Paton, N Y; T P Carroll, Md; J P Morray, U S A; Capt J W Cortney, Boston; C C Jennings & dtr, Pa; Mrs Gerry, Phila; T Brown, D C; Capt J W Ross, U S A; D C Blondin, U S A; D J Vlall, N Y; O H Lease, N Y; O W Mansford, N Y; Lt J W Lockwood, U S A; N A Wright & wife, N Y; L Rork, Pa; Mrs Eldreth, Ft Meigs; T R Rodgers, N Y; W Marsland, Va; C M McCord, St Louis; W W McKay, Md; O S Barnes, Vt; N W Ebham, U S A; E S Gaskin, Conn; Mr Brown, D C; J Paterson, Baltimore; C Lee, U S Navy; J Harris, Balto; J W Bradley, Balto; F S Mediar, D C; D A Sawyer, U S A; H W Arnold, Utica; J A Peck, N Y; T M Moran, D C; Rev F Ross, D C; Mrs Cox, Binghamton; Rev Mr Lewis, Binghamton; C Ording, N Y; J B Nevins, Phila; B Bishop, Va; Mr & Mrs G A Henly, Conn; W A Hassell, Phila; W Hatler, D C; R M Hobbs & lady, N Y; G Peter, Md; J W Helpstine, U S A; T R Cartter, Mo; Capt S H Platt, N Y Vols; W H Uhbrook, Balto; Lt Sawyer, U S A; Lt I M Bonsile, U S A; Miss Bidgood, Phila; J A Ward, U S A; Lt O W Shattuck, U S A; T Brown, N Y; O P Gay, N Y; G W Cole, N Y; A H Barker, N Y; J E M Donaugh, Pa; J W Dickinson, Pa; J G Cole, Va; Mrs Taylor, Pa; R O Bassnell, Conn; G Mackenzie, Va

NATIONAL HOTEL.

L H Farrow, Md; W Bosman, Balto; Jno Beckitt & wf, D C; Geo Briggs, U S A; H W Moore, do; R A Alger, do; I Baylis, do; L Robinson, Dis of Col; Jas Poss, do; W Morie, Chicago; P G Gardner, U S A; Jno K ey, Lancaster; J W Cosen, Md; J P Fulding, N Y; T O R Hillsboro; T Geant, U S A; W Jones, D C; D F Hawlink, Va; G S Turner, Union Mills; Wm Brown, U S A; W W Henry, Mich; O E Storrs, U S A; A H Tower, do; M J Nailer, do; B Ellis, do; E N Carr, Balto; T O Tilly, N Y; Thos Bayley, Mass; Jno Smith, do; E M Tilley, U S A; B Tilley, N Y; O Smith, U S A; Wm Jones, Dis of Col; T A Sears, U S A; P S Lane, Bath; S Houghton, Philada; Robt D Coxey, do; E A Marshall, do; Mrs Turner, do; Miss L Sizer, do; M E Brady, N Y; M H Bearmont, U S A; R M Stearns, Va; Capt T Hatfield, A of P; P Roach, Dis of Col; A W Stone, U S A; Hon F W Kellogg, Mich; W Whildin, Jr, Philada; T M Chisholm, U S A; Geo A Drew, do; Lt Jas Monroe, do; Lt Jno Stilton, do; Lt M Lee James, do; Geo L Turner, Union Mills; B Van Riper, N J; O N Carpenter, U S A; F J Brady, Fairfax Station; Jas Killiker, do; E Turner & son, Penna; Lt H D Smith, U S A; Lot Chamberlain, Pittsburgh; Hon Schuyler Colfax, Ind; H P Bennet & fm, Colorado; H Hayden, N Y; Mrs Marshall, N Y; J M Tommey, Memphis; J C Morrell, Lima, U S A; J D Martin, do; E W Barnes, Dis of Col; Jno Lloyd, do; W Tacous, Libby Prison; W Vermilion, do; R J Grey, do; Andrew Hines, do; D O Walters, do; O H Beamy, do; Jno Hichler, do; G C Perwenter, do; D Smith, U S A; F W Van Van Kirk, N J; A S Wadsworth & wf, N Y; H G Mains, Balto; H S Harrison & wf, Phila

CLARENDON HOTEL.

R Dorn Hy, N Y; Jno Sheppard, U S A; Patrick Roach, do; Mich Roach, do; J Barley, Washington; W Armstrong, do; W Conrell, Syracuse; H B Witt, Vermont; Lieut Birker, Balto; A Bionerman, Indiana; Capt F Helm, Phila; M Wiebbarne, D C; O C Trow, do; Frank Rowe, Va; S B Ammerman, N Y; R Brown & wf, Philada; C H Walker, U S A; Capt G Dawson, Albany; C Gassell, Boston; H Tubbs, California; A W Davis, do; C G Tooker, Penna; W Leeds, N J; Capt Kearney, U S A; Capt Drillon, do; Jno Simons, do; W Henry, do; Capt W R Bennett, U S A; Capt G W Henne, do; H A Carpenter, Ohio; W Shloner, Annapolis; H L Jones, N Y; C H Browson, Balto; Tim Haye, Washington

KIRKWOOD HOUSE.

Lt Jas M Lyce, Phila; Isaac P Park, Mass; Jno P De Lacey, N Y; M Gilmore, Phila; W B Rice, D C; Capt Frank Bell, U S A; Capt W L Bear, U S A; S Malli Iert, Long Island; Geo n Dewey, U S A; Lawson Elder, Md; Samuel H Halsted, Va; Samuel V Ael, Penn; Gray Smith, Jr, Ky; Lt W M Mlcgan, U S A; J W Harris, N Y; P D Fulton, N Y; F J Stoner; Jas T Black, Penn; Geo Hing, N Y; Thos F Clarke, Balto; S H Brasg, D C; W R Tolton, Wash; Jno H L Kisher, Va; Levi Hayden, N Y; Henry O Fisk, Ohio N Y; Jno C Browne, U S A; Eugene Kelly, Md; Chas Y Rhodes, Va; Jas O Watson, Va; J Gilles, Jr, Md; G Carman, N Y; Andrew J George, Balto; G F Holman, U S A; Jno F Wolt, N Y

EBBITT HOUSE.

C Kinsler, Washington; H N Thorburn, U S A; Miss Woolsey, New York; P E Woodruff, Albany; P T Baldwin, Boston; R A Redenick, U S A; J Relo, U S A; J Jacobs, U S A; Rev G L Roof, W Troy; H J McMahon, N Y; Rev R Connolly, N Y; Dr Hasbrouck, U S A; J Smith, N Y; Jno M Loon, Albany; L O Payson, U S A; T Williamson, Michigan; H S Beebe, U S A; A M Clark, U S A; Lt Col Pierce, U S A; L F Mitchell, Albany; R S Sanford, Boston; W Dodd, U S A; A Rely, U S A; C Bogan, Alexandria; A H Hurd; E A Moore, N Y; Capt A J Snyder, U S A; C B Darrah, Penna; W J Cook, New York; Peter L Dorsey, Albany; D Mannler, Penna

MARKHAM'S HOTEL.

J B Bonfield, Pa; Capt W Walo, N Y; A S Cobb, Dunkirk; C R S mson, Oswego; D Rod Wilson, N Y; F W Mann, do; J Windham, Ill; J Sadams and wife, Mich; J Keller, N Y; H P Carter, N Y; M Aner, Md; G J Bennett, Balt; Lt D Graham, Jr, U S A; J Petty; W P Crater, Oswego; G M Graham and lady, Pa; G P Dowling, Mass; J Windham and son, Ill; Lt Umers D, U S A; G Beckson, Mich; A C Vanderburgh, Wash; A J Root, Gouverneur Point; J H Brillclord, N Y; S Donborn, N Y

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

Mrs H A Smith, Penna; Miss M Daly, Balto; A E Caldwell, Mass; F M Lehman, Penna; G W H Smith, Penna; J Stallnaker, Penna; J W Eby, Penna; W Y Ashlin, Jr, Penna; R D Pierce, Penna; H J Ely, Virginia; B Lawrence, New Jersey; S W Drewer, New York; Robt Watt, New York; G L Johnson, Mass; W Garrett, Penna; E A Thorpe, U S A; T Dilling, Penna; W O Horz, Iowa; J M Fels, Virginia; M F Hoag, Penna; J W Bair, Penna; C Wray, Penna; C Wilkeson, New Jersey

OFFICIAL.

HEADQUARTERS, PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 10, 1863.

Special Orders No 9.

In view of the immense amount of Government property located or stored in various sections of this city, and the danger thereto by fire and otherwise arising from the lawless action of persons under the influence of spirituous liquors obtained in the vicinity where this property is necessarily located or stored, it is directed that, from the date of this order, the sale of liquor, under license or otherwise, will not be permitted in the localities named herein, to wit:

Squares 116, 117, 133, and 140, so much thereof as front on Nineteenth and M streets, in the vicinity of Nineteenth-street park.

Squares 137, 138, 139, 158, 159, 160, 161, and 182, so much thereof as front on Seventeenth, Eighteenth, M and N streets, in vicinity of Seventeenth-street and ambulance parks.

Squares 32, 33, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 75, 77, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 87, 102, 103, 104, 120, 121, 122, 123, 142, 143, 144, in First ward, south of Pennsylvania avenue.

Squares 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, in the vicinity of G-street wharf.

Squares 165 and 166 so much thereof as front on H and Seventeenth street, in vicinity of clothing depot ment.

Squares 107, 125, 163, 164, 184, 185, so much thereof as front Connecticut avenue, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, and K streets, in vicinity of K-street stables.

Squares 474, 475, 501, 502, 503, in vicinity of Sixth and Seventh-street wharves.

Squares 573, 574, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 681, 683, or any vacant street or avenue included in these squares, being in vicinity of railroad depot and Soldiers' Retreat.

Squares 728, 729, 731, 734, 735, 759, 760, in vicinity of Capitol and Carroll Prison Barracks.

On any place within *four squares* of Bladensburg Toll Gate.

On any place within *two squares* of Kendall Green park.

On any place within two squares of Railroad park.

Any house in the above-described localities convicted of selling liquor to citizens or soldiers, will be closed, and the proprietor imprisoned for such time as the nature of the offence may warrant, the liquors on the premises confiscated, and the house permanently closed. An application in writing to the Provost Marshal, endorsed by the Mayor and Chief of Police, will be placed in the hands of an officer, to report whether any specified person may be permitted to sell, under license, to citizens only; but only in exceptional cases will permits be given.

By command of
HENRY B. TODD,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

A. S. BAKER,
Lieutenant and Adjutant. no5-12t

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 12, 1863.

Special Orders, No. 22.

The sale of Liquors is prohibited in the following localities, in addition to those named in Special Orders No. 9, from these headquarters, of date November 4, 1863:

Square 141, so much thereof as front on G street.

Squares 232, 233, 267, 268, 269, 270, 277, 294, 326, 327, 352, 353, 384, 385, 386, 409, 410, 433, 431, 461, 463, 492, 534, and Squares O and D on Maryland avenue, in vicinity of Government Railroad, Depot, and Storehouses.

Squares 500, 501, 544, 545, 546, and 547, in vicinity of Sixth and Seventh street wharves.

Squares 381 and 382, so much thereof as front on Louisiana avenue, in vicinity of Central Guard House.

Upon the Mall, in the vicinity of the Monument and Government Cattle Yards; or upon any place in the vicinity of Mount Pleasant, Carver, Stone, Columbia College, Campbell's, Lincoln, Douglas, Emory, or Armory Square Hospitals. The penalty for violation of this order will be the same as specified in Special Orders, No. 9.

By command of
HENRY B. TODD,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

A. S. BAKER,
Lieutenant and Adjutant. no13-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on disease, its deplorable consequence upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postage currency. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. oc12-3m*

DENTAL NOTICE.—DR. LOCKWOOD, Surgeon Dentist, Washington Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.—Teeth inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, a cheap and improved plan. Also, Gold and Silver Plates made in superior style. Teeth extracted without pain. ly1-tf

OPERA GLASSES and FIELD GLASSES.—Just received, the finest assortment ever offered in this city, by FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS.
244 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, and
58 Pennsylvania avenue, under the National Hotel.

PEBBLE and PERISCOPIC SPECTACLES, correctly suited to every eye-sight. *COMPASSES, BAROMETERS, MICROSCOPES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, THERMOMETERS, CARTES DE VISITE,* and *STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,* &c., in great variety and at the lowest prices. au28-dly

TO SUTLERS AND MERCHANTS.—Buck Gloves and Gauntlets at manufacturers' prices.

We have just received a large lot of Buck Gloves and Gauntlets from Gloversville, New York, which we will sell at manufacturers' prices.

ALLEN, CLAPP & CO.,
oc13-6t Pennsylvania av., bet. 10th and 11th st.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!!—Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world! The only harmless, true, and reliable dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Grey Hair, instantly to a *Glossy Black or Natural Brown,* without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY ST., N. Y. Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. [illegible]

A WORD OF ADVICE.—Those who have been doctoring for weeks and months without obtaining relief should consult Dr. Fishblatt, whose office is at No. 421 E street, corner of Eighth street, and be radically cured. Twenty-five years' experience has established Dr. Fishblatt's reputation as a physician. Recent cases cured in a few days. Charges moderate.

DR. FISHBLATT, No. 421 E street,
[illegible] corner of Eighth st., opp. Gen. Post Office.

THE ONLY PLACE where you can purchase India Rubber Goods of all kinds at manufacturers' prices, is at H. A. Hall's India Rubber Warehouse, 320 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Also all kinds of Rubber Goods beautifully repaired at short notice. jy19-1&6tf

GOLD PENS.
FOLEY'S celebrated "Bank" Gold Pen.
Gold and Silver PENCILS.
NEW STYLES.
Sold by Jewelers
[illegible] and Stationers.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—New and reliable treatment—in reports of the Howard Association. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au22-3m&ly

NOTICE.—WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., January 25th, 1863.—In consequence of the pressure of business at the War Department passes for citizens to visit the army of the Potomac will be given at the office of LIEUT. COL. CONRAD, 122 Pennsylvania avenue, above Nineteenth street. ja26

DIED.

WILSON.—Clarence Deslonde Wilson, not yet emerged into manhood, died early on the morning of Nov. 18th, 1863. His funeral will take place on Friday, the 20th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his father, Joseph S. Wilson, No. 455 Thirteenth street, where the friends of the family are invited.

BOSS.—On the 18th inst., after a short and painful illness, Abraham J. Boss, in the 69th year of his age, in the full assurance of a blessed immortality.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from Fletcher Chapel, on New York avenue, on Friday, at 2 o'clock.

☞ GREAT ATTRACTION AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Seventh street. Beautiful Ladies, fine music, and elegant entertainment. Come all! come every one! The benevolent ladies of the Western Presbyterian Church continue their great Fair, of interest and attraction, for the present week, and hope to receive the patronage of a generous public. no18-1t*

☞ MICHIGAN MILITARY AGENCY,
DR. J. TUNNICLIFF,
Southeast corner of Seventh and E streets.
no11-1md&5* Washington, D. C.

☞ WAR DEPARTMENT—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, March 21, 1863.—The Agents of the several States, who reside in this city, are requested to leave their address at this office, that they may be promptly communicated with if necessary.
L. THOMAS,
mh23-tf Adjutant General.

☞ OHIO STATE MILITARY AGENCY, 344 Pennsylvania avenue, corner Seventh street, Washington, D. C. [illegible]

☞ OHIO SOLDIERS are warned against applying for transportation elsewhere than to Captain Curtis, Acting Quartermaster, 209 G street, or to the undersigned, particularly are they warned against a ticket office of the Sanitary Commission, at Pay Department of discharged soldiers on New York avenue.
JAMES C. WETMORE,
Ohio State Military Agent, corner of
[illegible] Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.

☞ WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT General's Office, Washington, February 12th, 1863.
SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 62.
1. Hereafter all passes to visit the army of the Potomac, by whatsoever authority granted, must be countersigned by Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Conrad, A. D. C., before they will be recognized as valid.
By order of the Secretary of War:
L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.
Office, Conrad's office No. 122 Pennsylvania avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. [illegible]

☞ MASSACHUSETTS MILITARY STATE AGENT.—GARDINER TUFTS, Room No. 4 Washington Building, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. [illegible]

☞ CHRONICLE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.—We are now prepared to execute all kinds of job printing, from a visiting card to a large poster. We have recently received a large stock of job type, from the best foundries of Philadelphia and New York, and can promise satisfaction to all who favor us with their custom. Our motto is "Punctuality." [illegible]

460. 460. 460.

AND still the wonder grew.

Cash does the business.

"A thing of joy is always beautiful:"

That is the reason why our new style of

FALL AND WINTER COATS

please everybody. Call and examine our Splendid Stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c.

Suits made to order. Call and see samples.

J. H. SMITH,
oc10-1y 460 Seventh street, opposite Post Office.

LOST AND FOUND

BLACK OVERCOAT.—MISLAID, a few evenings ago, my Black Overcoat; whoever will return the same to Hitzberger's Tailoring Establishment, near Metropolitan Hotel, will receive my thanks and be rewarded if desired. My name is on the strap by which it is hung up. no19-3t* G. W. McLANE.

LOST.—Between 1 and 2 o'clock, on Monday, the 16th inst., between Pennsylvania ave. and E street, on Eleventh street, a pair of Gold Set EYE GLASSES, with Gold Chain. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at No 442 H street north. no19-2t*

$10 REWARD—Lost, a Porte-monnaie containing Twenty-seven Dollars and twenty-five cents in money, some promissory notes, postage stamps, and memorandum papers. Supposed to have been lost in getting out of an ambulance at the office of either Captain Hart's A. Q. M., Captain Tompkins, A. Q. M., or Captain Allen, superintendent of the Government Repair-shops. The above reward will be paid and no questions asked, by leaving it at the Book Store of Messrs. Philp & Solomons, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets.
no18-2t* JOHN F CASLOW, Capt and A. Q. M.

W. B. HASBROUCK,
MANUFACTURER OF
STOVES, RANGES,
And Dealer in all kinds of
TIN-WARE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
Camp Equipments, &c.,
532 Seventh street, 532
Five doors north Pennsylvania avenue,
no19-tf Washington, D. C.

GALLAGHER & BENJAMIN,
BROKERS,
310 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, Penna.
Prizes cashed in all legalized Lotteries, and information given. no19-1m*

PIANO FORTES,
NEW AND OLD.
GREAT BARGAINS!
ADDITIONAL INDUCEMENTS!

One good second hand Piano, German make,		$75
One " " " "		80
One " " " "		10
One " " "	American make,	25
One very good " "		100
One excellent " "	Hallet, Davis & Co.,	150
One excellent " "	Kroeler,	150

One beautiful 7 octave Rosewood Iron Frame Piano, by that celebrated maker, Emmerson, of Boston, cost $400—is offered for $270.

Two new Chickering & Sons' famed School Pianos, for $225 each.

These Pianos are warranted and guaranteed in every particular, but are in plain and neat cases.

Also, always on hand, a complete assortment of Pianos from Chickering & Sons', and Hallet, Davis & Co's, acknowledged as being the oldest, most reliable, and best manufactories in this country.

Old Pianos taken in part payment.

Also, Melodeons, Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Covers and Stools, Flutes, Accordeons, and Brass Instruments, and every article in the Music Business.

Music Paper, Strings, Drum Heads and Sticks, and Music and Instruction Books can be sent by mail free of post. JOHN F. ELLIS,
306 Penna avenue, on north side, between Ninth and Tenth streets. no19-3t

BILLIARD MATCH.

An interesting game of Billiards will come off this evening at the Franklin Hall Billiard Rooms, corner of Ninth and D streets.

The players are Mr. Isidore Gayraud, the noted French Carom player, and Mr. John Kendall.

The game will be the

AMERICAN FOUR BALL CAROM GAME,

1,000 points up, in which Isidore gives Kendall the start of 250 points. no19-1t*

MRS. F. F. ATKINS, at No. 375 Thirteenth street, between H and I, Washington City.
CLAIRVOYANT ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN,
may be consulted in cases of
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, DISEASED LIVER,
Heart Disease, and Physical Weakness, caused by derangement of the Nervous System.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Charges mod rate. no17-6t*

EVANS' TENT HEATER,
AN ARMY TENT STOVE, MADE OF CAST IRON,
IN THREE SECTIONS—WHEN PACKED,
OCCUPIES THE SPACE, 6x10 INCHES
WEIGHS ONLY TWENTY POUNDS.

Major General Burnside says: "Its adaptation to army life and comfort is complete." See letter below, with endorsement of Inspector General Marcy.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
January 9, 1863.

JAMES W. EVANS, Esq., NEW YORK:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of December 29th, and also of the box containing the "Tent Stove," addressed to Maj. Gen. A. E. Burnside. The General desires me to express his thanks for the stove, and to say that he considers it a perfect success; its adaptation to army life and comfort is complete, as it is sufficiently large to warm an ordinary sized tent, and is very easily transported. Will you please send four (4) of the same size to the following address: "Capt. C. G. Hutton, Burnside's Staff, Willard's Hotel, Washington," (to be called for.)

D. R. LARNED, Private Sec'y for
MAJ. GEN. A. E. BURNSIDE.

NEW YORK, February 21, 1863.

As the stove mentioned in this letter is highly recommended by Gen. Burnside, I think it would add to the comfort of the troops in our army if Sutlers were permitted to keep and sell them in the field.

R. B. MARCY, Inspector General.

For sale at Wholesale and Retail by
E. H. & H. I. GREGORY,
no15-d&S2w 321 Pennsylvania avenue

CIDER! CIDER!

The subscriber has on hand and is receiving every week large quantities of Sweet Rectified Cider, of an excellent flavor and quality, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Sutlers and dealers will find it advantageous to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Supplies always on hand to meet demands.

SHANK & CO.,
Office and Vault—25 Four-and-a-half street,
Between Pennsylvania avenue and C street,
Washington, D. C.

Also, orders taken for all kinds of bakers' supplies, furnished in barrels and packages to suit purchasers.
no17-1m S. & CO.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Wormley, late of Washington county, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 3d day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 3d day of November, 1863.

SAMUEL WORMLEY,
no5-th3t Administrator.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF WASHINGTON.

CAPITAL—$500,000.

This Bank, organized under the National Banking Law of the last Congress, is opened this day for the transaction of business, at the corner of Fifteenth and F streets, opposite the Treasury Department.

H. D. COOKE, President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier. oc22-tf

THE OLD WAR HORSE IN THE FIELD.

J. BRUCE & CO.

Invite your attention to their large stock of
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
at prices that defy competition.

Boys' Clothing!
Which will fit them all,
High or low, large or small,
Old or young, short or tall,
White or black, "one and all."

J. BRUCE & CO.,
oc10-1y 451 Seventh street.

"HOW ARE YOU, GREENBACKS?"
"Old men for counsel, young men for war."

You can't see it? Then call at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Twentieth street and examine our new stock of Splendid Clothing.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
of every description.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

SMITH & CO.,
oc10-1y Cor. Penn. ave and Twentieth street.

CLEAR THE TRACK while the bell rings.

There's no use of talking.

The goods must be sold.

Constantly receiving from our Manufactory.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

of every description.

Custom Goods made to order.

Call and examine samples at 361 Seventh street.
oc10-1y SMITH & BEALL.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, November 16, 1863.

On the petition of John G. Parry, of South Kingston, R. I., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him 18th February, 1850, for an improvement in Meat Cutting Apparatus for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1864:

It is ordered, that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on MONDAY, the 11th of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing. All testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

The testimony in the case will be closed on the 28th December, 1863. Depositions and other papers relied upon as testimony must be filed in the office on or before the morning of that day; the arguments, if any, within ten days thereafter.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Chronicle, Washington, D. C., and the Providence Journal, Providence, R. I., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

D. P. HOLLOWAY,
Commissioner of Patents.

P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. no19-law

BILLS OF FARE for Hotels, as well as all other kinds of printing, done with expedition at the "Chronicle" Job Printing Office. [illegible]

WANTS.

WANTED.—Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons for colored regiments in the Departments of the South, Gulf, and Tennessee.

All candidates must be examined before a Board of Medical officers.

Boards are now in session at Boston, New York, Washington, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, and at the headquarters of the Armies of the Potomac, Cumberland, and Tennessee.

Application for examination should be made to the *Surgeon General, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.,* and must be accompanied with one or more testimonials of good moral character from respectable persons.

The Board will determine whether the candidate is qualified for Surgeon or for Assistant Surgeon.

The candidate must be a graduate of some Regular Medical College; non-graduates will not be examined.

J. K. BARNES,
Acting Surgeon General.

Surgeon General's Office, November 18, 1863.
no19 theto1w

10,000 AGENTS WANTED.—Soldiers, Sutlers, and others, in and out of the army, to sell our new National Bat le Pins and Medals of Generals Grant, Meade, Rosecrans, Hooker, Banks, McClellan, Gillmore, Foster, &c. The above Pins have a fac simile Photograph of the above Victorious Generals of the army of the United States varying only in dates of the same. The beauty of this is its adaptability to any person who has been in the battles named in the margin of each Pin. By getting a miniature likeness of themselves, and inserting it in the place of the general, as a gift to their friends, a living record, to be handed down from generation to generation, of the most gallant acts ever recorded in any land. Every Pin is sold at Every soldier should secure this Battle Pin and present to his friends so that, living or dead, he will ever be in remembrance. Agents are now making from $500 to $1,000 per month. Samples and circulars will be sent on receipt of $1.

Apply to or address J. Farget & Co. No 227 Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C. no19-1deo1*

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

FOR RENT—A Parlor and two bed-rooms, in the immediate vicinity of the Treasury Department. Unquestionable reference required. Apply 432 Fifteenth street. no19-1t*

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD.—Several very desirable newly-furnished rooms in suites or single, may be obtained by inquiring at No. 27 Four and a half street, between Penn sylvania avenue and 13th street. no19-4*

TO LET—Two Front Rooms, furnished, on the second floor, at No. 3 8 Seventh street, two squares north of the Post Office. Will be let to gentlemen only. no19-them3t*

FOR RENT.—Furnished and unfurnished houses. Apply to Pecaree, Cogswell & Jackson, 455 Seventh street, opposite the Post Office. no19-3t*

SUTLERS TAKE NOTICE.—A young man, thoroughly acquainted with the business, desires a situation. Address W. E. B., care of Mrs. Martin, Seventh and L sts, Navy-yard, Washington. no18-2t*

WANTED—To hire, a good white servant, to do the work in a small family. Call at 402 F street, corner of Seventh. no17-1t*

WANTED.—A person who understands farming and gardening can hear of a good situation by addressing Box 129 City Post Office. To one thoroughly qualified liberal wages will be paid. A married man without children preferred. Best of reference required. [Star.] oc19-tf

WANTED—At the Treasury Extension twenty CARPENTERS. To good workmen the highest wages will be given and steady work. Apply at the office of Construction, Treasury Building.
ISAIAH ROGERS,
oc25-tf Supervising Architect.

FOR RENT—A Furnished PARLOR and CHAMBER, at 453 Ninth street between E and F, in a private family. no14-1t*

FOR SALE—Price $5,000.—Two acres of ground, situated on north Seventh street, one mile north of city railroad terminus. Improvements consist of a two-story Frame Dwelling of eleven rooms, stabling and carriage-house for two horses and carriages, cow-sheds, and other outbuildings, a never failing well of water in the yard, and a young apple orchard in full bearing. Inquire at Room No. 5, first floor, second Comptroller's Office, Treasury Department. Also, for sale Horse, Carriage, and Harness. Inquire as above. no13-3t*

FOR SALE—The good will, stock, and fixtures of a Grocery Store, situated on the corner of G and Eighth streets, opposite the Patent Office. Inquire on the premises. no18-3t*

FOR RENT—At 432 G street, two furnished rooms, with board. no17-3t*

FOR SALE—One excellent Spring Wagon; also, four sets Harness; for sale by
no17-3t* C. J. WILTBANK, 235 B street.

FOR RENT—Two comfortably-furnished rooms. Apply at 310 Ninth street. no17-3t*

FOR SALE—A large Portable Oven, one of the best ever in use. Size, 7x5 feet; can bake bread, cake, and pies superior to any brick oven. For further particulars, inquire of C. Dagood, 223 King street, Alexandria, Va. no17-6t*

FOR SALE OR RENT—A large Mansion House and Lot, in Baltimore, at the corner of Mount and Union streets, near Union Square. Apply to J. P. Jones, No 4 Calvert street, Baltimore. no17-12d*

FOR SALE—The Lease and Furniture of a large Dwelling House centrally situated, being near the National and Metropolitan Hotels. The house is suitable for a boarding house or for a large family, and will be sold on reasonable terms. The key will be surrendered and possession given immediately. For further particulars call at Room No. 1, Washington Building, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. no12-2wd&S (Star&Ilan)

FOR RENT—Two Furnished Rooms in a private residence, located central. Applicants without children desired. Inquire at 63 Louisiana avenue, between 6th and Seventh streets. no11-6*

THE PROPRIETOR of the CLARENDON HOTEL has rented the large and desirably-located house, No. 4-6 G street, opposite the Patent Office. The house has been thoroughly cleaned and renovated, and is now ready for immediate occupancy. The rooms will be rented either singly or in suites, without board, or, if desired, meals can be taken at the hotel. For particulars, apply at the office of the Clarendon Hotel. oc21-tf

BOARDING

BOARD AND FURNISHED ROOM Wanted, near the centre of the city, by a young married lady attending school. A quiet family where there are no other boarders preferred. A note addressed to J. B. S., at this office, will meet with prompt attention. no18-2t*

BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED—By two gentlemen and wives in a private family, together or separately, on I street, between Sixteenth and Twenty-first streets, or contiguous thereto, convenient to the headquarters of the Military District. Willing to pay liberally for comfort. Apply to Lieutenant A. P. Baker, Provost Marshal's office. no12-d1f

THE HOUSE No. 373 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, formerly occupied by Mrs. Davis, has been rented by the proprietor of the Clarendon Hotel. The house is large and commodious, located on unsurpassed. The rooms will be let furnished, either to transient or permanent boarders, with or without meals, which can be had at the Hotel if desired. oc17-tf

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON DEPOT, November 11th, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of Capt. C. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M., U. S. A., at the corner of Twenty-second and G streets, in this city, until MONDAY, December 21st, 1863 at 12 o'clock, M., for the sale of all the manure now on hand, or that may be produced at the stables and corrals of this Depot within the next twelve months succeeding the date of the letting of the contract.

The manure will be awarded to the highest bidder, or bidders, who will be required to take it away at his or their own expense. The quantity now on hand to be taken away within six months from the date of contract and that which may accumulate, within six months from the date at which it may be produced.

Bids must be made at so much per cubic yard.

Bids will be received for the quantity on hand, and the subsequent product at each stable and corral, separately, or for the whole together.

If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or it will be considered as the individual proposal of the party signing it.

The full name and post-office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Captain C. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M., U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Manure."

Payment will be required to be made, in Government funds, at the end of each month, for the manure removed during the month.

An oath of allegiance will be required from each successful bidder.

Good and sufficient bonds, in the sum of ($1,000) one thousand dollars, will be required of each successful bidder for the faithful performance of his contract.

The Quartermaster reserves the right to reject all bids that may be deemed to the interest of Government not to accept.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster,
no19-2t Depot Washington.

PROPOSALS FOR MORTAR SHELLS.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, November 18, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M., on the 21st of December next, for the delivery of fifty thousand 10 inch mortar shells, in the following quantities at the following arsenals, viz:

At the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., 5,000.
At the Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., 5,000.
At the New York Arsenal, Governor's Island, 25,000.
At the Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburg, Pa., 5,000.
At the U. S. Arsenal, Washington, D. C., 5,000.
At the U. S. Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo., 5,000.

These shells are to be made of the kind of metal, and inspected after the rules laid down in the Ordnance Manual. Drawings can be seen at any of the United States Arsenals. The shells are to be inspected at the foundry where cast, free of charge for transportation, or handling, until delivered at the arsenal.

Deliveries must be made at the rate of not less than five per cent. per week of the number of projectiles contracted for; the first delivery to be made with in twenty days after the date of the contract, and any failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

Separate bids must be made for each Arsenal. If the bidders propose to deliver at more than one. No bid will be considered from parties other than regular founders or proprietors of works, who are known to this Department to be capable of executing the work contracted for in their own establishment.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties for its faithful execution.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory, for any cause.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier General Geo. D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be endorsed "Proposals for Mortar shells."

GEO. D. RAMSAY,
no19-15t Brig Gen. Chief of Ordnance.

MANHOOD; HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c. "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by Dr. Ch. J. C. Kline, No. 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, No. 4586. [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

BY JAMES McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

GREAT SALE OF FURS.

On Tuesday and Wednesday, November 24 and 25, at 11 o'clock A. M., on the second floor of our Auction Rooms corner of Tenth and D streets, we shall sell a large assortment of Furs.

The stock consists of Hudson Bay, Mexican, Bermuda, and River Sable, Mink, Ground, Stone-Martin, Royal Ermine, German and Russian Fitch, Sib rian Squirrel, French and Canadian Mink, and every description of Fashionable Furs, in Barrique and Cardinal Cloaks, Talmas, Cardinal Capes, Half and Quarter Capes, Collars, Victorines, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Misses' and Children's FURS; Sleigh Robes of Bison, Polar, and Russian Bay Bear, Wolf, Raccoon, Fox, Blue etc, etc.

ALSO,

A variety of Gents' Collars, etc.

This stock has been received from one of the oldest established Fur Houses on Broadway, New York, and can be relied upon. The goods have been manufactured this Fall for the best city retail trade, and are of the latest and most fashionable styles.

Catalogues will be ready on Monday afternoon next, and the goods arranged for examination on Tuesday morning, and until the hour of sale.

Terms cash. JAMES McGUIRE & CO.,
no19-7t Auctioneers.

BY JAMES McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF THREE DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS ON SOUTH A STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STREETS EAST.

On Friday afternoon, November 27, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, I shall sell by virtue of a deed of trust duly executed and recorded, lot No. 13, in square 761, fronting 55 feet and ¾ inch on North A street, between Second and Third streets east, running back 136 feet and 1 inch to a 30 foot public alley, divided into three building lots of 18 feet 4 inches each, fronting on North A street.

Terms, one third cash; the remainder in six and twelve months, with interest secured by a deed of trust on the premises.

Conveyance at the cost of the purchaser.

JAMES ADAMS, Trustee.
JAMES McGUIRE & CO., Auctioneers.
no 19-d & St

BY J. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

GREAT SALE OF CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS, FINE GROCERIES, STORE FIXTURES, &c., &c.

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov 25, at 10 o'clock, at the store of A. M. Dinlinger & Co., Pennsylvania avenue, near Thirteenth street, we shall sell without reserve their extensive stock of Wines, Liquors, Groceries, &c., &c., comprising in part:

Lot of pipes Heidsieck Champagne, in pints and quarts
100 cases fine Brandies
2,000 dozen choice Rye and Bourbon Whiskey
100 cases best Gin
100 cases fine sherries, Port, and Madeira
200 cases Coutenac, Pauillac, and St Estephe Clarets
Large quantity of fancy style of Bottled Liquors
Lot of Cigars and Tobacco of assorted brands
Tea, Coffee, Spices, Pickles
Pickled Meats, Fish, Sauces, &c., &c.,
Desks, Chairs, and Store Fixtures.

☞ Catalogues at sale.

Terms: cash.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no17-6t Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Superior Rosewood Case "Chickering" Piano Forte, Mirror & Chandeliers, Cabinet Furniture, Elegant Vases, Ornaments, Silver-Plated Ware, &c.—On TUESDAY morning, November 24th, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Clement Hill, Esq., H street, between Connecticut avenue and Seventeenth street, we shall sell his entire furniture and household effects, comprising

Superior Rosewood case seven octave piano forte by "Chickering."
Suits of Rosewood carved parlor furniture, finished in green and gold brocatelle
Arm, easy, and fancy chairs of various kinds, finished in brocatelle
Elegant Rosewood centre-table, very large size, with Sienna marble top
Gilt framed French plate mantel and pier glasses
Green and gold brocatelle curtains, with lace curtains, cornice, and fixtures
Handsome Rosewood escritoire
Pair of superb Cabinets, buffets, secretary, and workstand of same style
Beautiful whatnots and fancy tables in rosewood
Fine medallion and Brussels carpets
Rugs of cloth and carpet
Rosewood cloth covered whist table
Two magnificent Dresden vases from the Tuileries, finished in the most elaborate style of art with historic figures, etc., cost $400
Two superb Japanese vases, 55 inches high, the largest in the country
Elegant biscuit and bisque vases, groups, and figures
Large and handsome Japanese card receiver
Superior silver plated waiters, tureens
Vegetable dishes, chafing dishes
Liquor stand, egg stand, castors and butter dishes
Elegant silver plated dessert service, comprising Epergne with four brackets, with engraved glass bowls, four fruit stands, with two wine coolers
Blue and gold china dinner and dessert service, 134 pieces
Gilt and decorative dinner, tea, and dessert service
Fine table cutlery, cut and engraved glass ware
Superb mahogany carved extension table
Marble top sideboard, leather covered dining chairs
Library bookcase, mahogany hat stands in walnut
Plush covered arm and arm chairs
Excellent bedsteads, wardrobes, bureaus, washstands
Superior hair beds, hair and husk mattresses
Lounges, easy chairs, rockers
Bolsters and pillows, toilet sets
Chamber stoves, grates
Window curtains, shades and cornice

Together with the usual assortment of kitchen requisites.

Terms cash. JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no17-7t Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Valuable Real Estate on E street, near the Post Office Department, at Public Auction.—On TUESDAY Afternoon, November 24, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell the whole of Lot No. 2, in Square No 406, fronting 50 feet on E street north, between Eighth and Ninth streets west, and running back 87½ feet to an alley. The Lot will be sold in two parts of 25 feet front each; the west half is improved by a substantial three-story and Basement Brick Dwelling House; the east half is unimproved.

The location of this property (in the immediate vicinity of the Patent Office and Post Office Departments) in a desirable position for a private residence, or for office purposes, renders the sale worthy the attention of persons seeking good property.

Terms cash.

Title indisputable. D. A. BURR,
Attorney for Owner.
JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no14-ataths&d Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS AT THE CORNER OF NORTH D AND SECOND STREETS AT PUBLIC SALE.

In the matter of the petition of James McSherry, Guardian of Helen N. McSherry, and Mary C. McSherry, and James C. McSherry, minor heirs of Thomas Carbery, deceased.

In pursuance of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, duly ratified and confirmed by the Honorable Supreme Court of said District, in the matter of the above-named petition, the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 23d day of November, 1863, at 4 o'clock, that eligible and valuable vacant property situated at the corner of D street north and Second street west, known as parts of Lots 1 and 6 in Square 570, fronting 95 feet 6 inches on D street, and 170 feet 6 inches on Second street; divided into four building lots, fronting 23 feet 10½ inches on D street and running back 125 feet to an alley, and two fronting 17½ feet on Second street, and running back 107 feet 6 inches to an alley.

Terms: One-fourth of the purchase money cash, and the residue in three equal instalments, payable respectively in six, twelve, and eighteen months with interest; the deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust on the lots or other approved security.

All conveyancing and stamps at the expense of the purchaser.

JAMES McSHERRY,
Guardian, &c.
JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no12-th&m6t Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

SQUARE No. 410 IN WASHINGTON CITY AT PUBLIC AUCTION.—By virtue of a deed of trust dated on the 9th day of July, filed and recorded in the land records of Washington county, District of Columbia, in Liber J. A. S., No. 137, folio 116 to 119, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 20th day of November, 1863, at 3½ o'clock, P. M., all of that valuable Square of ground numbered four hundred and ten (410) in the plan of said city, which is divided into sixteen original Lots, eight of them fronting each twenty-four feet ten inches on south D street, with a depth of ninety-nine feet to a fifteen-feet alley; and eight of them fronting each twenty four feet ten inches on a public square with a depth of one hundred feet to a fifteen feet alley. The square fronts north on a public square, south upon south D street, east upon Eighth street, and west upon Ninth street.

The sale will be made by lots, commencing with Lot numbered one.

Terms of sale: One-third in cash; one third in six, and one-third in twelve months for notes bearing interest, a deed in fee will be given and a deed of trust required for securing the deferred payments.

All conveyances and stamps taxes to be at the cost of the purchasers.

A payment of $25 on each lot will be required at the time of sale to prevent irresponsible bidding.

If the terms of sale are not complied with in three days from the day of sale, the Trustees reserve to themselves the right either to resell the property at any time within sixty days thereafter, at the risk, loss, and cost of the first purchaser or purchasers, upon giving notice of such intended sale ten days prior to the day of sale by advertisement to be inserted five times in the National Intelligencer newspaper, published in said city, or at the option of the Trustees and without any notice whatever or to any one of such option to consider said first sale or sales rescinded.

By order of the Trustees.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
oc26-mw&d9t Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Small and Desirable Cottage Sites near the city at Public sale.—On THURSDAY afternoon November 19 at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell a small and beautifully located tract of land, lying along the old Bladensburg road, near the boundary of the city, adjoining on the east "Eckington," the country seat of the late Joseph Gales, divided into Eleven Small Villa Tracts or Sites, fronting from 125 to 200 feet on the road, and running back about 500 feet, and containing from one to three acres each.

Plats of the premises may be obtained at the counting rooms of the subscribers.

Terms: One-third in cash; the remainder in six and twelve months, with interest, secured by a deed of trust on the premises.

Conveyances at the cost of purchasers.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no12-7t Auctioneers.

SUTLERS and BAKERS, ATTENTION! The Hope Dispatch Company will sell on SATURDAY, November 28, the following articles to pay expense unless called for before the day of sale:

3 ovens, 6 boilers, 3 stoves, 3 smoke stacks, 6 oven legs, marked W. O. Burch, Agent, Washington. These ovens are suitable for either a baker or sutler, as each oven can bake for a regiment, and can be seen at McGuire's auction store.

8 cases Liniment, shipped January 24, 1863, by the Fall River Line, consigned to G. L. Beam.

1 Box marked Colonel G. M. Malmese. Shipped by the N. Y. and N. H. S. R.

492 Empty Butter Tubs, with covers. Shipped January 14, 1863, by the Commercial Line. Marked Patterson & Knapp.

W. A. H. BLANCH, Agent,
no5-2lt Office 548 Pennsylvania avenue.

BALL TICKETS and PROGRAMMES printed in the best manner at the office of the DAILY CHRONICLE. no4-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

GROVER'S THEATRE.
Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.
LEONARD GROVER.......................DIRECTOR.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1863.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
Of the beautiful and accomplished young actress,
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN,
Who will appear to-night in one of her great characters, supported by Grover's entire Star Company.

KOPPITZ' GRAND ORCHESTRA

Will perform the following new and beautiful selections:

Reissinger's grand overture, "The Rockmill."
"Dream Pictures;" a grand fantasia by Lumberg, introducing the chimes.
"The Bouquet of Songs." Grand introduction and waltz, written upon the most popular airs of the day, by Mr. G. Koppitz.

A ROARING FARCE TO-NIGHT,

With the brilliant young Comedienne, ANNIE WARD, in one of her most successful characters.

Performance will commence this evening with the beautiful drama entitled

VICTORINE;
OR,
"I'LL SLEEP ON IT."

VICTORINE..........................MISS LUCILLE WESTERN

Performance to conclude with the beautiful and mirthful comedietta of

NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.

Colin, the youth who never saw a woman...Miss A. Ward

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Overture at 7¾.

RATES OF ADMISSION.—Dress and Parquet Circles 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, 75 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats.

To-morrow night, benefit of Lucille Western.

In preparation, the thrilling drama of LEAH, THE FORSAKEN. no19 1t

FORD'S NEW THEATRE,
TENTH STREET, ABOVE E.
JOHN T. FORD..................Proprietor and Manager.
(Also of Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore.)

FOURTH NIGHT
OF
THE COMEDY SEASON,
And of the brilliant engagement of
THE WEBB SISTERS.

TO-NIGHT

The performance commences with the play, in three acts, entitled

NICHOLAS NICKLEBY.

SMIKE	MISS EMMA WEBB
John Browdie	Mr. Harry Pearson
Newman Noggs	Mr. G. F. De Vere

To conclude with

IN AND OUT OF PLACE,

In which Miss Ada Webb assumes six characters, and appears in

NUMEROUS SONGS AND DANCES.

To-morrow (Friday) evening, Nov. 20,
FIRST BENEFIT OF MISS ADA WEBB.

THE CABINET MUSIC HALL,
ELEVENTH STREET.

THIS NEW AND MAGNIFICENT HALL

WILL OPEN SHORTLY WITH THE

LARGEST AND MOST TALENTED COMPANY

OF FIRST-CLASS ARTISTES

IN AMERICA.

Admission will be 25 and 10 cents. For particulars see future advertisements. no17-5t

MR. JOHN K. GOODALL'S Fashionable Dancing Academy, Eleventh street, near the avenue. Private lessons any hour. Academy for Children and Ladies, Tuesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock. Gentlemen's Class, Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 P. M. The beautiful *Sceptre* exercise for children and ladies; also, the *Indian Club* exercise for gentlemen. Lessons on the Violin and Violoncello. Private families attended. Mrs. Goodall continues to give lessons in singing and on the piano-forte. no18 d&-1m*

OPERA GLASSES FOR HIRE
AT FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS,
244 Penna. avenue, between 12th and 13th streets,
And under the National Hotel. se8-tf

AUCTION SALES.

BY W. L. WALL & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Peremptory sale of a Valuable FARM, MILL, and WATER PRIVILEGE, in Prince George county, Maryland, at Auction.—On WEDNESDAY, Nov. 18th, 1863, at 12 o'clock M., we will sell on the premises that Valuable Farm known as a part of "Greenwood Park," enlarged the residence of the late J. H. Sansbury, and about two miles from the Old Fields, and adjoining the farms of B. Page, the late Dr. Crawford, Albert Berry, and Z. Beall, and containing two hundred and twenty acres of rich dark loam, very productive for Tobacco and Grain. The improvements consist of a nearly new and comfortable Frame Dwelling house, a Mill, with a good stream of water, Barns, Stables, Corn and Ice Houses, Quarters, and all necessary out buildings.

Terms: One fourth cash, $200 of which must be paid at sale; balance in six, twelve, nineteen, and twenty-four months, bearing interest, and secured by a deed of trust on the premises.

WM. L. WALL & CO.
no10-14t Auctioneers.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CORNER G AND TWENTY-SECOND STREETS, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 1, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Quartermaster's Warehouse, on the Square between E and F and Twenty first and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, a large lot of Quartermaster's Stores, condemned as unfit for public service, consisting in part of Scrap-Iron, and Leather, Saddles, Bridles, parts of Harness, and Wagons, Tents, Tools and Implements.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS,
no19 12t Captain and Quartermaster, U. S. A.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty second streets, WASHINGTON, D. C., October 23, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction on the second and fourth Wednesdays, 11th and 25th of November, at the Corral, near the Washington Observatory—

A large lot of Horses and Mules, condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
oc24-78t Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

TROTTING HORSES AT AUCTION.—The most valuable collection of TROTTING STOCK ever offered will be sold at public auction on the farm of Mr. S. R. BOWNE, Flushing, Long Island on THURSDAY, November 19, 1863, at 10 o'clock—about 50 in number—consisting of *Toronto Chief,* the *Eureka Mare, Sontag* (in foal), and three of her colts by *Chief.*

A superior lot of Brood Mares (in foal), and colts at their foot. Also, yearlings, two-year-old and three-year-old stallions, and fillies; all sired by *Toronto Chief.*

Also a few Road Horses, and the fine Durham Bull *Forest King* (three years old), bred by Samuel Thorne, esq.

Catalogues sent by mail. Apply to
JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer,
no5-them3t&d 23 Pine street, New York city.

CAVALRY BUREAU.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 23, 1863.

On the First and Third Wednesdays, 4th and 18th of November, will be sold at public auction, at the Cavalry Depot, at Glesboro Point, near this city, a large lot of

CAVALRY HORSES,

condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

C. H. SAWTELLE,
Lieutenant Colonel and Chief Quartermaster,
oc30-td Cavalry Bureau.

CARGOES TO ARRIVE
AND
FOR SALE.

To arrive at Eleventh-street (Washington) wharf, this week, the following vessels:

JACOB BIRDSELL,
L. P. SMITH,
EDWARD SLADE,
WITH HAY AND BRICK.

The Hay is from the rich lands of Columbia county, N. Y., mixed with Timothy, and the Brick are North river hard dried. The above are for sale in cargo lots by

JNO. FARRELL,
Commercial Buildings, Louisiana avenue,
no11-6t* between Ninth and Tenth streets.

CHAMPAGNE CIDER and Old Apple Whiskey for Sale.—The subscriber offers for sale, by the gallon, a few hundred barrels of Champagne Cider, also, a few hundred gallons of Old Apple Whiskey. Samples of the Whiskey may be had by enclosing *one dollar,* and of the Cider by enclosing 50 cents. Samples will be sent by express. Parties desirous of visiting our works can, by addressing us, have full particulars. H. S. CONOVER & CO., Princeton, Mercer county, New Jersey. no7-12t

TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT
SELTZER APERIENT,

For *Thirty Years* has received the Favorable Recommendation of the *public,* and been *used* and *prescribed* by the

FIRST PHYSICIANS IN THE LAND
AS THE
BEST REMEDY KNOWN

For Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Gout, Indigestion, Torpidity of the Liver, Gravel, Rheumatic Affections, Piles, Heartburn, Sea Sickness, Bilious Attacks, Fevers, &c.

For testimonials, &c., see pamphlet with each bottle.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
TARRANT & CO.,
278 GREENWICH STREET, NEW YORK.
☞ For sale by all druggists. oc5-1yd

CUBA CIGARS.—Cigars from 1,000 to 47,000, of Jignani tobacco, for sale at a low price for cash. Apply to JOSE PICATO BLIO,
no 5 6t* 448 Twelfth street, between G and H sts.

SHELVING FOR SALE.—Inquire at the New Eating and Dining Rooms, 425 Pennsylvania avenue between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets.
no7-td B. Y. ME & WHITE, Proprietors.

ARMY BLANKS OF ALL KINDS PRINTED at the Chronicle Job Printing Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

WASHINGTON THEATRE.

J. GRAU'S
NEW ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

MR GRAU respectfully announces that he will give in this city

THREE GRAND CONCERTS,

With grand scenes from operas, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, Nov. 23d, 24th, and 25th, on which occasion the following eminent artists will appear in the same evening:

MADAME SOPHIE VERA LORINI,
The celebrated prima donna and tragic tragedienne, from the principal Opera Houses in Europe. Her first appearance in this city.

M'LLE PAULINE CASTRI,
The distinguished cantatrice. Her first appearance in this city.

M'LLE MORENSI,
The favorite contralto.

SIGNOR LUIGI STEFANI,
The celebrated tenor.

SIGNOR MORELLI,
The renowned baritone.

Conductor and Musical Director.....................SIG. MUZIO

ADMISSION—Orchestra and Balcony, $1 50; Parquette and Dress Circle, $1; Parterre, 50 cents.

☞ Seats for the Orchestra and Balcony may be secured, without extra charge, at Metzerott's Music store, No 120 Pennsylvania avenue. Sale of tickets to commence on Friday, Nov. 20. no19-3t tf

VARIETIES! VARIETIES!

Fronting Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue.
Hamblin & Co...Proprietor
Fitz Simmons...............Stage Manager and Advertiser

THE POPULAR MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON.

SIGN OF THE REVOLVING LIGHT.

Flattering reception by the public of the new stars in full houses.

M'LLE CHERRY PETRIE,
Premiere Actress.

HARRY CLIFFORD,
The Prince of Comedians.

HARRY CHUBB,
The Versatile Performer, and

BILLY KANE,
Champion Jig Dancer and Vocalist.

NEW ADDITIONS TO THE OLD FAVORITES.

This evening, Fitz Simmons' version (author of the "Belle of Washington," and twenty other popular and successful dramas, of the grand military spectacle,

THE FRENCH SPY,

Received last evening by a crowded audience and with shouts of applause. M'lle Cherry Petrie as the Arab Boy, introducing the entire strength of the splendid company, Messrs Maffit, Bartholomew, Budworth and Misses Windel, Schulz, Miles, &c., &c.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; performances commence at 8.

Monday afternoon and evening, benefit of Messrs. Maffit and Bartholomew.

Thanksgiving afternoon, only representation of "The Belle of Washington." no19-1t

CANTERBURY HALL.

CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,

THE POPULAR

MUSIC HALL AND THEATRE.

Louisiana avenue, near the corner of Sixth street, in the rear of the Metropolitan and National Hotels.

SIGN OF THE BIG CALCIUM LIGHT.

WILLIAM E. SINN...........................Manager and Proprietor.

INAUGURAL WEEK

OF THE

THIRD YEAR

OF

AMERICA'S GREAT LEADING AMUSEMENT INSTITUTION.

THIS EVENING,

THE ABSORBING DRAMA, ENTITLED THE

HIGHWAYMAN'S
HIGHWAYMAN'S
LAST CRIME!
LAST CRIME!

WITH THE FOLLOWING UNEXAMPLED CAST:

The Golden Farmer	Mr. J. S. Edwards
Jemmy Twitcher	Mr. Geo. R. Edeson
Old Mob	Mr. H. W. Eagan
Hammer	Mr. H. W. Williams
Wm. Harvey	Mr. J. S. Clarke
Elizabeth	Miss Lillie Brandon
Mrs. Hammer	Miss Lucy Clifton
Louisa	La Petite Ella

Officers, Peasants, &c., by the dramatic company.

DURING THE EVENING,

J. H. CHILDERS,
J. H. CHILDERS,
J. H. CHILDERS,
J. H. CHILDERS,

The Great Military Sensation, will appear in his Astonishing Performances with the Musket.

MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,

In some of her Original Songs, Imitations, Caricatures, &c., and her celebrated Vocal Cornet Solo and Specialty.

THE IRISH CURE.
THE IRISH CURE.

MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,

In new Ballads and Graceful Dances.

A most Charming Ballet, arranged by
MONS. GUILLAUME FOUCEB,
entitled the

PAINTER'S ILLUSION.
PAINTER'S ILLUSION.
PAINTER'S ILLUSION.
PAINTER'S ILLUSION.

Introducing the famous

ALBUM OF BEAUTY,
ALBUM OF BEAUTY,

LILLIE BRANDON, KATE HARRISON,
JULIA RICHMOND, LUCY CLIFTON,
M'LLE JENNIE, LA PETITE ELLA, &c., &c.

CHARACTERISTIC OLIO

EMBRACING

NEGRO SONGS,
FARCES,
BURLESQUES,
DANCES, &c.

BY

THE GREAT PROTEAN COMPANY:

George R. Edeson, H. W. Eagan, J. S. Edwards, Mr. Ed. Murray, H. W. Williams, J. S. Clarke, Mons. Sol. T. Brown, Juan Baptista, &c.

Admission 25 cents; Orchestra 50 cents; Private boxes holding six persons, $5.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performances at ¼ before 8 o'clock.

POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,

REGULAR SERIES, ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Admission—Ladies 25 cents; Children 10 cents.
no16-tf

THE WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

(Successors to J. F. WALKER & SON.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.

AND

PHILADELPHIA PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LAMP BLACK; ROOFING MATERIALS,

AND

WILSON'S IMPROVED FIRE AND WATER-PROOF FELT, CEMENT, AND GRAVEL

ROOFS.

OFFICE—Louisiana avenue, next door to the Bank of Washington.

WORKS—Foot of Twenty-second street west Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Washington; and Thirtieth and Hamilton streets, Philadelphia.

T. P. WILSON, Jr., Secretary,
jy22-d&6m G. W. WILSON, Supe intendent.

TRUNK, VALISE AND
BAG MANUFACTORY.

Gents' Sole Leather Trunks,
Ladies' Dress and Bonnet Trunks,
Sole Leather Valises, Traveling Bags,
Haversacks, Knapsacks,
Saddle-Bags, Blanket Straps,
Leather Panniers for officers, &c., &c.

JAMES E. BROWN,
oc31-3m 708 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

1,400 barrels Lime, just arrived at Gunnell's wharf, per schooner R. Bullwinkle, and for sale by

A. C. McKNEW,
no16-tf Corner Seventh street and Canal.

71.2001.085.202.13

Daily Chronicle.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1863.

LIST OF PATENTS

Issued from the United States Patent Office for the Week ending November 17, 1863, each bearing that date.

To Stephen M. Allen, of Woburn, Mass., for improved floor cloth.

To Stephen M. Allen, of Woburn, Mass., for improved fabric for insoles.

To James S. and F. B. Atterbury, of Pittsburg, Pa., for improvement in lanterns.

To H. F. and T. R. Bargar, of Border Plains, Iowa, for improvement in corn planters.

To Alvy T., John B., and Solomon Barnes, of Groesbeck, Ohio, for improved stave-making machine. Antedated November 11, 1863.

To Philo D. Beckwith, of Dowagic, Mich., for improvement in grain drills.

To William H. Bentley, of Westford, N. Y., for improvement in hay-loading machines.

To Sidney Berry, of Grand Rapids, Mich., for improvement in fire arches or furnaces for evaporating furnaces.

To F. Bingham, of Gowanda, N. Y., for improvement in bee-hives.

To Thomas Brett, of Geneva, Ohio, for improvement in harvesters.

To Frederick Wm. Brocksieper, of Bridgeport, Conn., for improvement in gas regulators.

To Eliphalet C. Brooks, of San Francisco, Cal., for improvement in vehicle springs.

To H. Buckwalter, of Kimberton, Pa., for improved cherry-stoner.

To Jason Cadwell, of Dexter, Mich., for improvement in manure distributor.

To William Chisholm, of Cleveland, Ohio, for improvement in machines for making nuts.

To Thomas L. Church, of Syracuse, N. Y., for improvent in tobacco-cutters.

To J. H. Connell, of Lexington, Ky., for improvement in balloons.

To J. S. Corbin, of Ann Harbor, Mich., for improvement in gates.

To John R. Davis, of Bloomfield, Iowa, for improvement in corn planters.

To S. W. Davis, of Wilmington, Del., for improvement in horse shoe machines.

To M. Decamp, of South Bend, Ind., for improvement in water wheels.

To John B. Dougherty, of Rochester, N. Y., for improved hoop machine.

To John H. Edward, of Ottowa, Ills., for improvement in harrows.

To John Fish, of New York, N. Y., for improvement in steam engines.

To Launcelot Hope Everitt, of New Orleans, La., for improvement in acoustic telegraphs.

To Warren L. Fish, of Newark, N. J., for improved attachment to lamps and gas burners for holding vessels or shades over the flame.

To Henry Griner, of New York, N. Y., for improvement in furnaces for steam boilers.

To Thomas Goulston Ghislin, of London, England, for improvement in treating marine algae to obtain a material for veneering, inlaying, &c.

To Charles M. Halsted, of Troy, N. Y., for improvement in filters.

To Jacob Hanes and Lucas Kohler, of Millersburg, Indiana, for improvement in flax-breaking machines.

To W. D. Heyer, of New Orleans, La., for improvement in sewing machines.

To John Houston, of Lake Village, N. H., for improvement in churns.

To John H. Irwin, of Chicago, Ill., for improvement in lanterns. Also, to himself and James T. Griffin, of the same place.

To George F. Jerome, of North Hempstead, N. Y., for improvement in tedders for animals.

To William H. Johnson, of Springfield, Mass., for improvement in machines for cutting objects from leather, cloth, &c.

To J. H. Keller, of New Orleans, La., for improved machine for pressing soap.

To Aaron Kratz, of Plumstead, Pa., for improvement in horse hay hooks.

To William Kuehn, of Lively, Ill., for improvement in gang plows.

To John P. Laird, of Altoona, Pa., for improvement in fire-boxes of locomotives.

To J. Lawton, S. Hibbert, and J. Rhodes, of Manchester, Great Britain, for improved potato washer.

To Charles Lockhart and John Gracie, of Pittsburg, Pa., for improvement in stills for petroleum, &c.

To Henry Lowenberg, of New York, N. Y., for improved fabric for making imitation lace, &c.

To Thomas Madgett, of Buffalo, N. Y., for improved boot crimping device.

To Samuel Pierce, of Troy, N. Y., for improvement in cooking stoves. Antedated April 29, 1863.

To John McMartin, of Janesville, Wis., for buckle gag runner.

To Hiram Nash, of Pittsfield, Mass., for improvement in water elevators.

To Owen B. Parker, of Hopkinton, Mass., for improvement in fruit gatherers.

To Isaac Phillips, of Burlington, Iowa, for improvement in smut machines.

To Emmons Manley, of Marion, N. Y., for improved apple parer.

To T. A. Risher, of Oskaloosa, Iowa, for improvement in corn harvesters.

To Mary C. Ross, of New York, N. Y., for improved compound for liniment.

To Mary C. Ross, of New York, N. Y., for improved composition for salves.

To Volney E. Rusco, of Chicago, Ill., for improved apparatus for cooling lard.

To George Schott, of New York, N. Y., for improved spring bed bottom.

To Henry Speer and John L. Harlow, of Chelsea, Mich., for improvement in fruit dryers.

To J. B. Stackpole, of Boston, Mass., for drawing and camera table.

To B. F. Stillwell, of San Francisco, Cal., for advertising directory.

To Abraham Straub, of Milton, Pa., for improved asphaltic cement. Antedated April 29, 1862.

To A. Straub, of Milton, Pa., and Isaac Straub, of Cincinnati, Ohio, for improved artificial variegated marble.

To A. S. Straub, of Milton, Pa., and Isaac Straub, of Cincinnati, Ohio, for improved asphaltic paving or flag stone.

To A. W. Streeter, of Shelburne Falls, Mass., for improved brace.

To Samuel D. Tompkins, of Newark, N. J., for improvement in harness saddles.

To J. Q. A. Fresize, of Zanesville, Ohio, for stereoscopic and photographic album.

To J. M. Trowbridge, of U. S. army, for improved canteen.

To Henry Waterman, of New York, N. Y., for improvement in steam engines.

To Louis Bollman, of Vienna, Austria, assignor to Nicholas Shaughnessy, of New York, N. Y., for improvement in sewing machines.

To Alzirus Brown and L. G. Kniffin, of Worcester, Mass., and Thomas H. Dodge, of Nashua, N. H., for improvement in harvesters.

To Jim B. Fuller, of Claremont, N. H., assignor to himself and James P. Upham, of the same place, for improvement in preparing vegetable fibre for paper, &c.

To A. H. Knapp, of Newton Centre, Mass., assignor to Jesse A. Locke, S. G. B. Coombs, and David H. Priest, for improvement in rotary pumps.

To Herman Miller, of New York, N. Y., assignor to Charles T. Reynolds, Frederick W. Devoe, and Charles Pratt, of the same place, for improvement in sheet metal cans.

To John Jacob Miller, of Chicago, Ill., assignor to himself and Ernst Prussing, for improved apparatus for condensing, evaporating, and cooling.

To David L. Stiles, of Rochester, N. Y., assignor to M. Huntington, agent, of the same place, for improvement in stoves.

To John Thompson, of Rochester, N. Y., assignor to himself and Martin Reed, of the same place, for improved hoop machine.

To E. S. Wright, of New York, and E. Allen, of Newark, N. J., assignors to Edward S. Wright and L. M. Hills, for gunstock machine.

To E. S. Wright, of New York, and E. Allen, of Newark, N. J., assignors to Edward S. Wright and L. M. Hills, for gunstock machine.

To E. S. Wright, of New York, and E. Allen, of Newark, N. J., assignors to Edward S. Wright and L. M. Hills, for gunstock machine.

To Louisa E. Anderson, of St. Louis, Mo., for improved rheumatic liniment.

REISSUE.

To Jesse A. Locke, of Watertown, Mass., assignor by mesne, assignments of John Petrie, Jr., for improvement in machine for dying wool. Patented August 19, 1854.

DESIGNS.

To Albert Osborn Baker, of Providence, R. I., for design for a belt-fastener.

To David Bruce, of Newtown, N. Y., for design for letter-press types.

EXTENSIONS.

To Merioun C. Bryant, of Lowell, Mass., for improvement in binder-pulleys for belt and brakes. Patented November 13, 1849.

To Charles Perley, of New York, N. Y., for improved method of fitting the heaving-socket and head of windlasses. Patented November 13, 1849.

To Eliakim B. Forbush, of Buffalo, N. Y., for improved form of teeth in harvesting machines. Patented November 27, 1849.

To John F. Rogers, of South Bend, Ind., for improvement in railroad trucks. Patented November 27, 1849.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.

LADIES' BLACK, COLORED, AND SCARLET CLOAKS AND CIRCULARS:
Black, Frosted Beaver, Plush, and Water-proof Cloaking Cloths;
French Merinos, Reps, and Ottomans in all colors;
Plain, Plaid, and Striped Valencias;
White, Red, and Blue Flannels, in all qualities;
Sack and Shirting Flannels;
Cassimeres and Satinets;
White and Colored Blankets;
Long and Square Shawls;
Black Silks;
Mourning Goods, in great variety;
White and Brown Cotton Sheetings, &c.;
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts;
Hosiery, Gauntlets, Jouvin's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.
M. TAYLOR & CO.,
No. 43 Centre Market space.
no8-Sddlmo

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC.

Having been appointed a Commissioner to take Deposition, the Acknowledgment of Deeds, and other Instruments of writing, to be used in the States of Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Minnesota, and the Territory of New Mexico, &c., I would inform the business community that I can be found at my office, No. 6, basement of west wing of the City Hall, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.
ZACH. B. BROOKE,
Commissioner of Deeds.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

SALE OF LANDS FOR UNPAID DIRECT TAXES IN INSURRECTIONARY DISTRICTS.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Notice is hereby given that the several Tracts or Lots of Land situated in the State of South Carolina, hereinafter described, have become forfeited to the United States by reason of the non-payment of the direct taxes charged thereon, under the act entitled "An act to provide increased revenue from imports, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved August 5, 1861, and an act entitled "An act for the collection of direct taxes in insurrectionary districts within the United States, and for other purposes," approved June 7, 1862, and that the same will be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY, December 1, 1863, at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the Custom-House building, at Port Royal, Hilton Head Island, St Luke's Parish, Beaufort District, and State aforesaid; and that the sale of the same will be continued from day to day until all of said Lots and Tracts of Land are finally disposed of.

The following is a description of said lands forfeited as aforesaid, together with the valuation of the same, and the amount of the quota of said tax and penalty charged upon each of said tracts or lots of land respectively:

HILTON HEAD Island, St Luke's Parish, Beaufort District, South Carolina.

No. 1. *"The Point,"* including "Bob Island," said to be, or to have been owned by Wm. Elliott; bounded north and northeast by Broad river, southeast and south by Fish Hall, southwest by Seabrook, and northwest by Skull creek.

No. 2. *"Pine Lands,"* owner or owners unknown, bounded by "the Point," "Fish Hall," "Grass Lawn," "Cherry Hill," "Marshland," "Honey Horn," "Fairfield," "Cotton Hope," and "Seabrook."

No. 3. *"Fish Hall,"* said to be or to have been owned by General Drayton; bounded northeast by Broad river, southeast by Coggins Point and Springfield, southwest by Grass Lawn, northwest and north by "the Point."

No. 4. *"Coggins Point"* and *"Springfield,"* said to be or to have been owned by Wm. Pope; bounded northeast by Broad river, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest by Grass Lawn, and northwest by Fish Hall.

No. 5. *"Grass Lawn,"* said to be or to have been owned by Richard Pope; bounded northeast by Springfield and Fish Hall, northwest by Pine Lands, southwest by Cherry Hill and Matthew's Land, sometimes called "Number Four," and southeast by the Atlantic Ocean.

No. 6. *"Matthew's Land,"* sometimes called "Number Four," said to be or to have been owned by Frank Pope; bounded northeast by Grass Lawn, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest by Marshland and Chaplin, northwest by Cherry Hill.

No. 7. *"Cherry Hill,"* said to be or to have been owned by Mrs. Pope; bounded northeast by Grass Lawn, southeast by Matthew's Land, sometimes called "Number Four," southwest by Marshland, and northwest by Pine Lands.

No. 8. *"Marshland and Chaplin,"* said to be or to have been owned by Jas. Wells; bounded northeast by Cherry Hill and Matthew's Land, sometimes called "Number Four," southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, northwest by Pine Lands, and southwest by Gardner and Lemington.

No. 9. *"Gardner,"* said to be or to have been owned by Stoney; bounded northeast by Marshland, southeast by Broad creek, southwest by Otter Hole, and northwest by Honey Horn.

No. 10. *"Lemington,"* said to be or to have been owned by Joseph Pope; bounded northeast by Chaplin, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest by Hill, Place, and northwest by Broad creek.

No. 11. *"Hill Place"* said to be or to have been lands of Samuel Lawton; bounded northeast by Lemington, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest by Brickyard, and northwest by Broad creek.

No. 12. *"Brickyard,"* said to be or to have been lands of Ficklin; bounded northeast by Hill Place, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest by Possum Point, and northwest by Broad creek.

No. 13. *"Possum Point,"* said to be or to have been lands of Wells; bounded northeast by Brickyard, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, southwest and south by Point Comfort, and northwest by Broad creek.

No. 14. *"Point Comfort,"* said to be or to have been owned by Wm. Pope and by Baynard; bounded northeast and north by Possum Point, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, south and southwest by Lawton Place, and north and northwest by Broad creek.

No. 15. *"Lawton Place,"* said to be or to have been lands of Mrs. Lawton; bounded north and northeast by Point Comfort, southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, south and southwest by Braddock's Point, and northwest by Broad creek and Calibogue Sound.

No. 16. *"Braddock's Point,"* said to be or to have been owned by Baynard, and formerly by John Stoney; bounded north and northeast by Lawton Place, southeast and south by the Atlantic Ocean, west and northwest by Calibogue Sound.

No. 17. *"Spanish Wells,"* said to be or to have been Baynard's; bounded north by a creek called by some "Muddy creek," letting in east from Mackay's creek, opposite the mouth of May river, easterly by Muddy-creek Place, southerly by Broad creek, and west by Calibogue Sound, or as sometimes called "Spanish Wells river."

No. 18. *"Muddy Creek Place,"* said to be or to have been Baynard's; bounded north by the creek called by some Muddy creek, easterly by Otter Hole, southerly by Broad creek, and westerly by Spanish Wells.

No. 19. *"Otter Hole,"* said to be or to have been land of Stuart, and formerly of Stoney; bounded northerly by "Honey Horn," easterly by Gardner, southerly by Broad creek, and westerly by Muddy-creek Place.

No. 20. *"Honey Horn,"* said to be or to have been Graham's and formerly Stoney's; bounded northerly by Jarvis creek, Fairfield, and Pine Lands, northeast and easterly by Seabrook, Pine Lands, and Marshland, southerly by Otter Hole and Gardner, and westerly by marshes, extending to Mackay's creek.

No. 21. *"Jenkin's Island,"* including "Hog Island," said to be or to have been Frank Pope's island; bounded north by Skull creek, east by Fairfield, south by Jarvis creek, and west by Mackay's creek.

No. 22. *"Fairfield,"* said to have been the plantation of Dr. George Stoney; bounded northwest by Skull creek, northeast and north by Cotton Hope, southerly by Honey Horn, westerly by Jenkin's Island.

No. 23. *"Cotton Hope,"* said to be or to have been William Pope's; bounded northwest by Skull creek, northeast by Seabrook, southerly and southwest by Fairfield.

No. 24. *"Seabrook,"* including lands formerly owned by Wallace, Talbird, Fyler, and Carrel, said to be or to have been more recently owned by Seabrook; bounded northwest by Skull creek, northeast by "The Point," southeast by Pine Lands, and southwest by Cotton Hope and Honey Horn.

"Pinckney Island," St. Luke's Parish, Beaufort District, South Carolina; bounded west and northwest by Mackay's creek, northeast by Broad river, southeast by Skull creek.

	Acres more or less.	Valuation.	Tax.	Penalty.	Amount.
No. 1	1000	$4000	$ 80 00	$ 40 00	$120 00
" 2	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 3	1300	5200	104 00	52 00	156 00
" 4	900	3600	72 00	36 00	108 00
" 5	600	2400	48 00	24 00	72 00
" 6	400	1600	32 00	16 00	48 00
" 7	400	1600	32 00	16 00	48 00
" 8	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 9	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 10	1100	4400	88 00	44 00	132 00
" 11	1100	4400	88 00	44 00	132 00
" 12	1100	4400	88 00	44 00	132 00
" 13	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 14	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 15	1800	7200	144 00	72 00	216 00
" 16	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 17	600	2400	48 00	24 00	72 00
" 18	700	2800	56 00	28 00	84 00
" 19	900	3600	72 00	36 00	108 00
" 20	1000	4000	80 00	40 00	120 00
" 21	300	1200	24 00	12 00	36 00
" 22	350	1400	28 00	14 00	42 00
" 23	400	1600	32 00	16 00	48 00
" 24	1500	6000	120 00	60 00	180 00
Pinckney Island.	2000	8000	160 00	80 00	240 00

A. D. SMITH,
W. E. WORDING,
WM. HENRY BRISBANE,
Direct Tax Commissioners,
For the District of South Carolina.
PORT ROYAL, October 31, 1863. no12-7t

SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWN OF BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Under the direction and instructions of the President of the United States, issued of the date of September 15th, 1863, in pursuance of the 11th section of an act entitled "An Act for the Collection of Direct Taxes in Insurrectionary Districts within the United States, and for other purposes," approved June 7, 1862, and the act amendatory of the said act, approved February 6th, 1863, we, Abram D. Smith, William E. Wording, and William Henry Brisbane, United States Direct Tax Commissioners for the District of South Carolina, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale will be held at the office of the Commissioners aforesaid, in the town of Beaufort, State of South Carolina, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, for the disposal of the several lots, parts of lots, and blocks of land constituting the town of Beaufort aforesaid, together with the buildings thereon, to wit: Block One (1) to Block One Hundred and Thirty-seven (137) inclusive, according to a plat or map made of said town, February, 1863, duly established and authenticated by said Commissioners, and recorded in Valuation Book "A" of said Commission.

The following blocks, lots, and parts of lots are excepted and reserved from said sale, to wit: Lot B in Block 8; Blocks 15 and 16; Lot A in Block 23; Blocks 24 and 32; Lot B in Block 33; Lot A in Block 34; Lot A in Block 35; Lots D and F in Block 36; Lot A in Block 44; Lot C in Block 47; Lot D in Block 48; Lot E in Block 50; Lots B and D in Block 55; Lot B in Block 57; Lots A and C in Block 59; Lot F in Block 60; Lot D in Block 63; Lots A and D in Block 67; Lots A and F in Block 69; Lots A, B, C, and D in Block 70; Lot A in Block 77, Blocks 78, 79, and 89; Lot A in Block 90 and Blocks 124, 125, 131, and 132 of said plat; and, also, all lots, parts of lots, blocks, and buildings now occupied, and continuing to be occupied to the close of said sale, as military and naval hospitals, and as offices and storehouses of the Quartermaster's, Commissary, and Ordinance Departments, and for revenue and police purposes.

Said sale shall not be kept open longer than thirty days from the commencement of the same.

The Commissioners reserve a right to bid on each of said lots and blocks, to be publicly made by them, or by their authority, of such sum as they may deem eligible, not less than one third of the appraised value thereof. And any of the said lots, parts of lots, and blocks which shall not be bid to one third of their appraised value will be withdrawn from sale.

Given under our hands at Beaufort, South Carolina, this second day of November, 1863.

A. D. SMITH,
W. E. WORDING,
WM. HENRY BRISBANE,
U. S. Direct Tax Commissioners for the District of South Carolina. no 12-7t

MILITARY BUCKSKIN GLOVES and GAUNTLETS.

Officers, by sending an order with number of kid glove they wear, can immediately be supplied, at $4 per pair for Buck Gauntlets, and $3 for Lamb lined do. Regiments and companies can be supplied with Buck Gauntlets, at 90 cents per pair. A large assortment of Long Black Leggings, Undershirts, and Drawers constantly on hand and made to order.
HEALEY & CO.,
S. E. corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.
no5-3m

MARBLE MANTELS.

Constantly on hand at my Warerooms, corner of First street and New Jersey avenue, the largest supply of the different styles and patterns of Marble Mantels that can be found at any other establishment in this city, and at lower prices. Purchasers will please give me a call and judge for themselves before making engagements. Also, all kinds of stone work for building purposes, such as Brown Stone, Marble, Granite, and North River stone work manufactured to order at the shortest notice and lowest cash prices. Marble, North River, and Brenman Tile and Flagging constantly on hand and laid down to order. North river Blue Stone of all descriptions, as well as Lime, Cement, and Plaster, for sale low for cash.
NICHOLAS ACKER.
oc19-1y

BILL-HEADS for Storekeepers and others printed in the best style, at the "Chronicle" Job Press Office.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

IMPORTERS OF WINES AND LIQUORS.

LAUMAN, SALLADE & CO.,
No. 128 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
(BETWEEN CHESTNUT AND WALNUT,)
PHILADELPHIA.

GEO. M. LAUMAN,
A. M. SALLADE,
J. D. BITTING.

RIVERE, GARDRAT & CO'S
SUPERIOR COGNAC BRANDY,
VINTAGE OF 1848.

EACH BOTTLE SEALED WITH GREEN WAX, WITH THE INITIALS OF THE FIRM.

IMPORTED BY
LAUMAN, SALLADE & CO.

SUPERIOR OLD MADEIRA WINE,
FINE SHERRY, CLARET, AND HOCK WINES,
AND AN ASSORTMENT OF FINE BRANDS OF
CHAMPAGNE.

OSBORNE & CO'S
OPORTO,
VERY FINE AND DELICATE OLD
PORT WINE.

EACH BOTTLE SEALED WITH YELLOW WAX, WITH THE INITIALS OF THE FIRM.

IMPORTED BY
LAUMAN, SALLADE & CO.,
No. 128 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

OLD RYE WHISKEY,
OLD WHEAT WHISKEY,
WARRANTED.
OLD JAMAICA SPIRITS,
OBERHOLTZ WHISKEY,
FOUST WHISKEY,
WERTZ'S WHISKEY,
TAFFEY'S WHISKEY,
AND
READING WINES,
LAUMAN, SALLADE & CO.,
128 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
no16-tf

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS BROOKE'S English and French Boarding and Day School, No. 130 Pennsylvania avenue, (Seven Buildings,) Washington, D. C. The ninth year, and seventeenth semi-annual session, of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, September 23, 1863. Circulars can be obtained at the Bookstores, and of the Principal. se21-d&3m*

MR. H. TOWNSEND continues (after four o'clock p. m.) to give lessons in the art of SINGING, and playing the PIANO-FORTE and ORGAN. Apply at No. 490 H street, near Fourteenth street, or address through the Post Office. se5-3m

SECURE A MUSICAL EDUCATION.—Mr. JOHN P. SPANIER desires to inform the Public of Washington that he is prepared to give lessons on the Violin, Guitar, Flute, and upon Brass Instruments, either to classes or individuals, either at his residence, No. 435 F street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, or at the residence of his pupils. Abundant testimonials exhibited to prove his capacity as a teacher of the "art divine." ja 9-tf

ATTORNEYS.

THOMAS H. FORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Office, 443 Ninth street.
Residence, 341 F street. no2-1m*

WILLIAM FITCH. L. C. HINE. JOHN FOX.
FITCH, HINE & FOX,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
REAL ESTATE, CLAIM AND PATENT AGENTS.
CORNER SEVENTH AND F STREETS.
(Opposite Post Office.)
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.
N. B. Commissioners for all the States. oc24-1m*

JOHN JOLLIFFE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NORTHEAST CORNER OF F AND FIFTEENTH STREETS.
Opposite the East entrance of the Treasury Building.
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. ap9-1y
Attends especially to Claims upon the United States.

WILLIAM HALSTED,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW!
No. 490 FOURTEENTH STREET,
OPPOSITE WILLARD'S,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Practices in the Court of Claims, Admiralty, and [illegible]

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

P. J. ZINGSEM,
MANUFACTURER OF
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
No. 494 STREET, ONE DOOR FROM PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
SPOONS, FORKS, TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, CASTORS, URNS, KETTLES, FRUIT STANDS, &c.
Single and Double-Plated, on superior German Silver or Britannia Metal.
All Goods replated nearly equal to new. oc2-1y

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.,
WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE,
802 CHESTNUT STREET,
First door above Eighth street.
PHILADELPHIA.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE.
L. LADOMUS. N. RULON.
ARMY CORPS BADGES
of every description made in the neatest manner, and at the shortest notice—gold, silver, or plated. au31-3m

SUTLERS' GOODS.

TO SUTLERS AND HOTEL KEEPERS.
We have just received a full supply of
BLODGETT & SWEET'S
PATENT GALVANIZED OVENS,
which we will sell lower than they have been sold in this city before. We have No. 2 to No. 7.
B. H. & H. I. GREGORY,
521 Pennsylvania avenue,
near Seventh street.
my25-1 (Star.)

RESTAURANTS.

322 BUHLER RESTAURANT, 322
(A la Maison Doree,)
322 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
The proprietor of this favorite Restaurant has spared no pains to make this the best Restaurant in Washington; and he points with pleasure to the large patronage he has always been honored with, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.
GAME, OYSTERS, and other refreshments constantly on hand, and at the most reasonable rates.
BREAKFAST, DINNER, and SUPPER prepared at the shortest notice and in the most satisfactory manner.
Breakfast from eight to twelve o'clock; Dinner and Supper at all hours.
JOHN WELCKER, Proprietor.
jy18-d&3t

MILITARY GOODS.

TO SUTLERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN MILITARY AND OTHER GOODS.
We have on hand and offer for sale—
100 dozen BLUE FLANNEL SUITS.
25 dozen LINEN COATS and PANTS.
100 dozen MERINO UNDERSHIRTS
150 dozen Cotton and Merino SOCKS.
50 dozen NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.
75 dozen HAVERSACKS.
50 dozen BROWN LINEN SHIRTS.
[illegible]

MILITARY GOODS [illegible]

ROOFING PAPER, [illegible]

PAPER WAREHOUSE. [illegible]

PAPER WAREHOUSE. [illegible]

EXPRESS COMPANIES. ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY. [illegible]

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, October 28, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on the 10th day of December, 1863, for the transportation of military supplies during the years 1864 and 1865, on the following routes:

Route No. 1. From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie, and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above years, on the west bank of the Missouri river, north of Fort Leavenworth, and south of latitude 42° north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dakotah, Idaho, and Utah, south of latitude 44° north, and east of longitude 114° west, and in the Territory of Colorado, north of 40° north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 2. From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40° north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth, and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that Territory, to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 3. From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas west of longitude 105° west.

Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from June to November, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on Route No. 1, 15,000,000 pounds on Route No. 2, and 6,000,000 pounds on Route No. 3.

No additional per centage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, hard bread, pine lumber, shingles, or any other stores.

Bidders must give their names in full, as well as their place of residence; and each proposal must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties, in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required will be as follows:

On Route No.	1	$100,000
"	2	200,000
"	3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Routes Nos. 1, 2, or 3," as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the first day of April, 1864, and they will be required to have a place of business or agencies at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

L. C. EASTON,
Major and Quartermaster.
oc29-dec5

PROPOSALS FOR HEAVY PROJECTILES.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, November 16, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on the 15th of December next, for Heavy Projectiles, to be delivered in the following quantities, at the undernamed arsenals, viz:

AT THE WATERTOWN ARSENAL, MASS.
2,000 15-inch battering shot
2,000 15-inch shells
8,000 10-inch shot
5,000 10-inch shells

AT THE WATERVLIET ARSENAL, WEST TROY, N. Y.
1,000 15-inch battering shot
1,000 15-inch shells
4,000 10-inch shot
2,000 10 inch shells

AT THE U. S. ARSENAL, GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y.
3,000 15-inch battering shot
[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR HORSES. [illegible]

ORDNANCE OFFICE, War Department. [illegible]

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, CAVALRY BUREAU. [illegible]

STEAMBOAT LINES.

WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA FERRY.—The steamers THOMAS COLYER, Captain Geding, MARY E. RAPLEY, Captain Stackpole, and YOUNG AMERICA, Captain Hollingshead, will, on and after TUESDAY, October 1, commence their regular trips between Washington and Alexandria, at 6 o'clock in the morning, making trips every hour during the day, until 6 o'clock in the evening.
Baltimore Sun copy, and send bill to this office. se25-tf

NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NEW ROUTE FOR THE NORTH, NORTHEAST, AND NORTHWEST.
PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.
NEW YORK VIA FORTRESS MONROE
THROUGH IN FORTY HOURS.
The extraordinary and liberal patronage which this line has received from the business men and citizens of the District and vicinity during the short time which has elapsed since its establishment, has induced its managers to make PERMANENT arrangements for its continuance.
An ocean steamship, having superior accommodations for freight and passengers, will hereafter positively leave PIER 15 East River, foot of Wall street, New York, and the COMPANY'S WHARF, foot of High street, Georgetown, every
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.
Other steamers will be dispatched whenever the convenience of shippers requires.
The trips of the regular ships will in all ordinary cases be made between the ports of New York and Georgetown within forty-eight hours.
The greatest care used in the handling and storage of Freight, and every convenience afforded to shippers preferring to do their own cartage.
Insurance is taken by the best Companies on goods shipped by these vessels, at the lowest rates.
The BALTIMORE, Captain Lewis.
The EMPIRE, Captain Hunter.
The SALVOR, Captain Mott.
The JAS. S. GREEN, Captain Merar...
now compose the regular line.
Without detracting from the merits of any other route, this Company now offers to shippers the facilities for receiving their goods from the North in a shorter time, at a cheaper rate, and in a safer manner than any other line.
Connections have been made on the most favorable terms, and without payment of commission, with all the leading lines from New York—North, East and West.
Small packages, such as are usually sent by Express, taken at ordinary freight rates, and promptly delivered.
Gentlemen with their families going North for the Summer will find this a pleasant route, as the facilities for safe transportation of horses, carriages, and furniture are unsurpassed.
Especial attention will be given to the comfort of sick and wounded officers and soldiers, who will by this route avoid all the fatigue of railway travel and frequent changes of cars.
By the closest attention to the interests of its patrons, by promptly attending to every complaint, and by energy and promptness in all the details of its business, the managers of this line will endeavor to merit a continuance of the patronage which has already been so liberally given to it. It is intended to be a permanent line, identified with and dependent upon the business interests and commercial prosperity of the District of Columbia and its vicinity.
For freight, passage, and all other business connected with the line, apply to
MORGAN & RHINEHART, Agents,
Foot of High street, Georgetown.
JAMES HAND, Agent,
117 Wall street, New York.
my19-tf

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT,
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
ALEXANDRIA, VA., Nov. 16th, 1863.

WRITTEN PROPOSALS are invited for furnishing Hay, Straw, Oats, and Corn, for the use of the Government, to be delivered at Alexandria, Va., or any point on the Potomac or its tributaries, and in such quantities within the amount proposed for, and at such times as the undersigned may direct.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and to state the quantity and price of each article offered.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw and upwards, unless it shall be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

Corn to be put up in good sacks of about two (2) bushels, [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER. [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR COAL AND WOOD. [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN. [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD. [illegible]

GOLD WINDOW SHADES. [illegible]

SHOW CASES. [illegible]

RAILROAD LINES.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. [illegible]

1863. THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD. [illegible]

DIRECT RAILROAD ROUTE BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK. [illegible]

GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE NORTHWEST AND SOUTHWEST. [illegible]

TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AND OTHERS. [illegible]

TO PASSENGERS TRAVELLING TO [illegible]

OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS ON FURLOUGH OR DISCHARGED [illegible]

MUNN & CO. [illegible]

FOR SALE [illegible]